

Technical report for the objective estimate of SO₂ for vegetation protection in the zone IT0445 - year 2019

INTRODUCTION

The objective estimate is applied for the assessment of the critical level of SO₂ in the presence of an winter average under the lower assessment threshold (LAT) of 8 µg/m³ in a rural background area, a requirement that is already reached in the urban background station BZ6 (IT2096A).

PROCEDURE

This evaluation was carried out by applying a corrective factor K to the annual and winter averages of the urban background station BZ6. The correction factor was calculated from the ratio of the annual averages of SO₂ in the area of the BZ6 station and in the area of the background near-city rural station RE1 (IT0505A). These annual averages have been determined with a model based on the emissions inventory and on the meteorological data of 2013 of the Province of Bolzano. The area of the background near-city rural station RE1 is representative of the IT0445 area.

CALCULATION OF THE FACTOR K

Ratio between the 2013 annual averages for SO₂ of the BZ6 and RE1 areas

The corrective factor K is given by the ratio between the average annual values of SO₂ in the BZ6 area and in the RE1 area obtained from the aforementioned 2013 model:

$$C_{\text{areaBZ6}} = 2,1 \text{ µg/m}^3 \text{ (annual average)}$$

$$C_{\text{areaRE1}} = 0,5 \text{ µg/m}^3 \text{ (annual average)}$$

$$K = C_{\text{areaBZ6}} / C_{\text{areaRE1}} = 2,1 \text{ µg/m}^3 / 0,5 \text{ µg/m}^3 = 4,2$$

CALCULATION OF THE ANNUAL AND WINTER AVERAGE OF SO₂

The annual average and the winter average of SO₂ for the IT0445 zone are determined by dividing each year the corresponding aggregate value of the BZ6 station by the K factor calculated above:

$$C_{\text{a.avg IT0445}} = C_{\text{a.avg BZ6}} / K = C_{\text{a.avg BZ6}} / 4,2$$

$$C_{\text{w.avg IT0445}} = C_{\text{w.avg BZ6}} / K = C_{\text{w.avg BZ6}} / 4,2$$

$$C_{\text{a.avg IT0445}} = \text{average annual concentration in the IT0445 area}$$

$$C_{\text{w.avg IT0445}} = \text{average winter concentration in the IT0445 area}$$

ESTIMATE of the annual average of SO₂ in 2019

The estimate of the annual average SO₂ for the AQR 2019 results by dividing the annual average SO₂ of the BZ6 by the corrective factor K:

$$C_{\text{a.avg BZ6}} = 1,0 \text{ µg/m}^3$$

$$C_{\text{a.avg IT0445}} = C_{\text{a.avg BZ6}} / K = 1,1 \text{ µg/m}^3 / 4,2 = 0,2 \text{ µg/m}^3$$

ESTIMATE of the winter average of SO₂ in 2019

The estimate of the winter average SO₂ for the AQR 2019 results by dividing the winter average SO₂ of the BZ6 by the corrective factor K:

$$C_{w.avg\ BZ6} = 1,3\ \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$$

$$C_{w.avg\ IT0445} = C_{w.avg\ BZ6} / K = 1,3\ \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3 / 4,2 = 0,3\ \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$$

CONCLUSION

Both the winter average measured at the background urban station BZ6 (IT2096A) in Bolzano and the one estimated for the area IT0445 (SOUTH TYROL) corresponding to the area of the near-city rural station of background RE1 (IT0505A) in Renon are lower than the evaluation threshold of $8\ \mu\text{g} / \text{m}^3$.

Bolzano, 31.12.2019