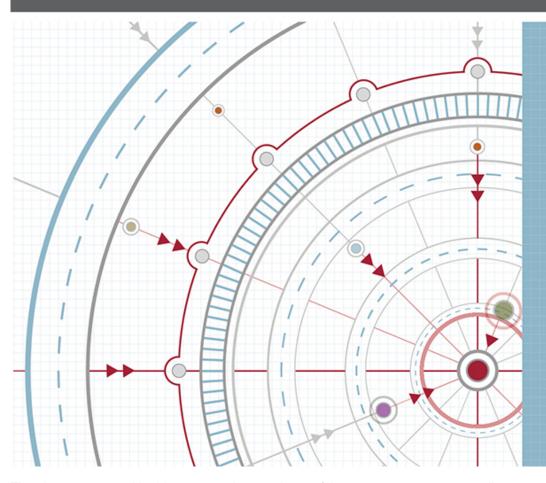
#### IFRS® Foundation



# IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

**UK Endorsement Webinar** 

Darrel Scott, IASB member

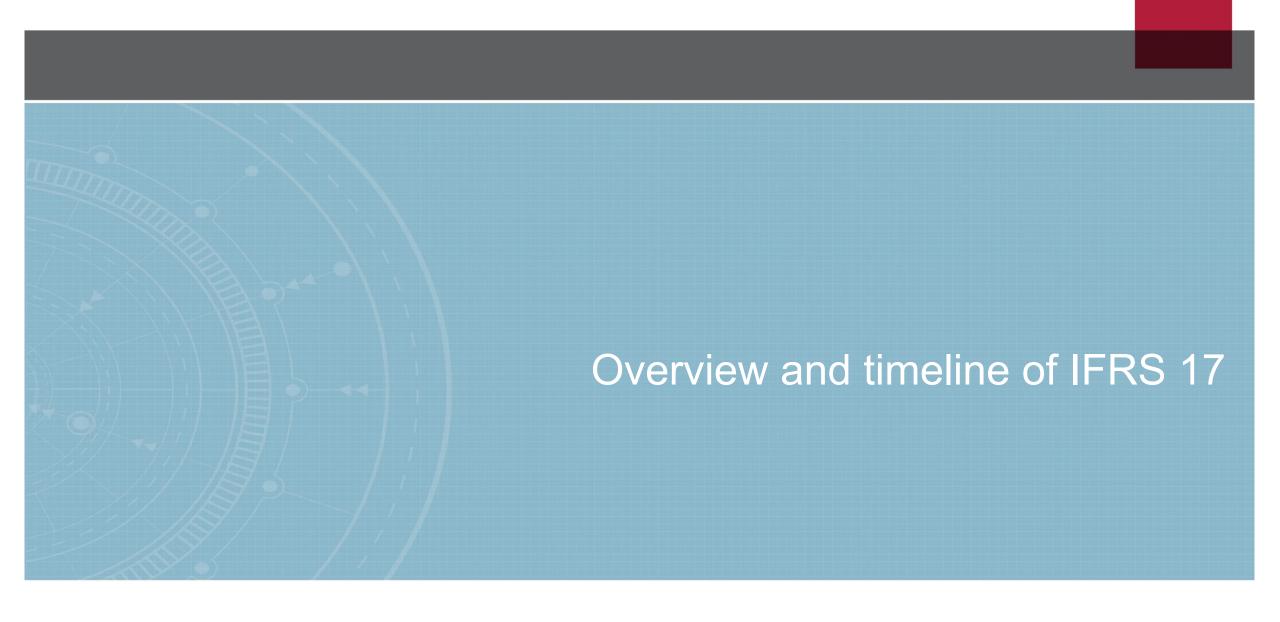
The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter, not necessarily those of the International Accounting Standards Board or the IFRS Foundation.



### **Agenda**

- 1 Overview and timeline of IFRS 17
- Targeted amendments to IFRS 17 (with focus on issues raised by UK stakeholders)
- Amendments considered but not made (with focus on issues raised by UK stakeholders)
- 4 Update on IASB support for implementation







### **IFRS 17 overview**



### More

useful and transparent information



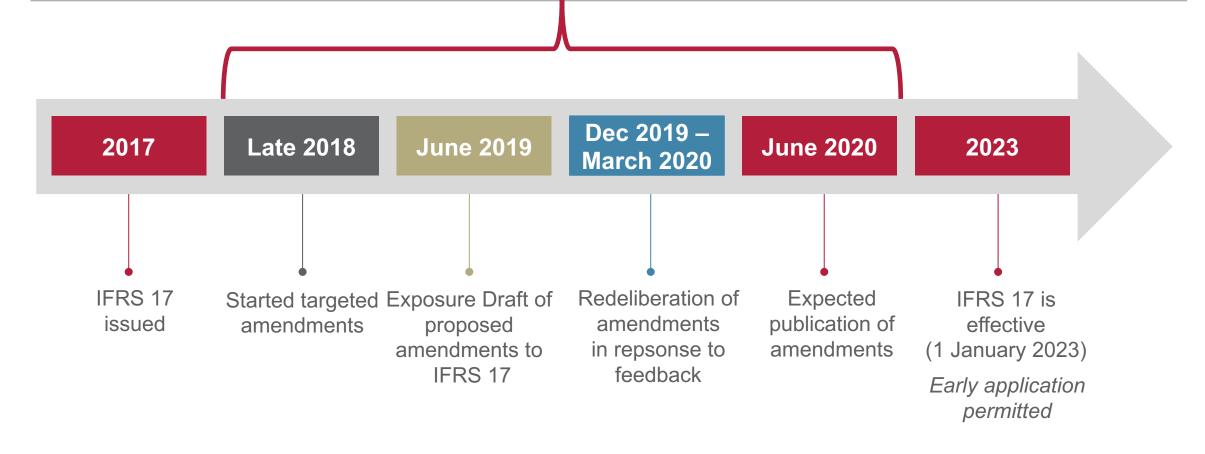


information about profitability

- Requires consistent accounting for all insurance contracts
- Based on a current measurement model
- Provides useful information about the profitability of insurance contracts
- Presents comparable data across companies
- Assists investors to fulfil stewardship responsibilities

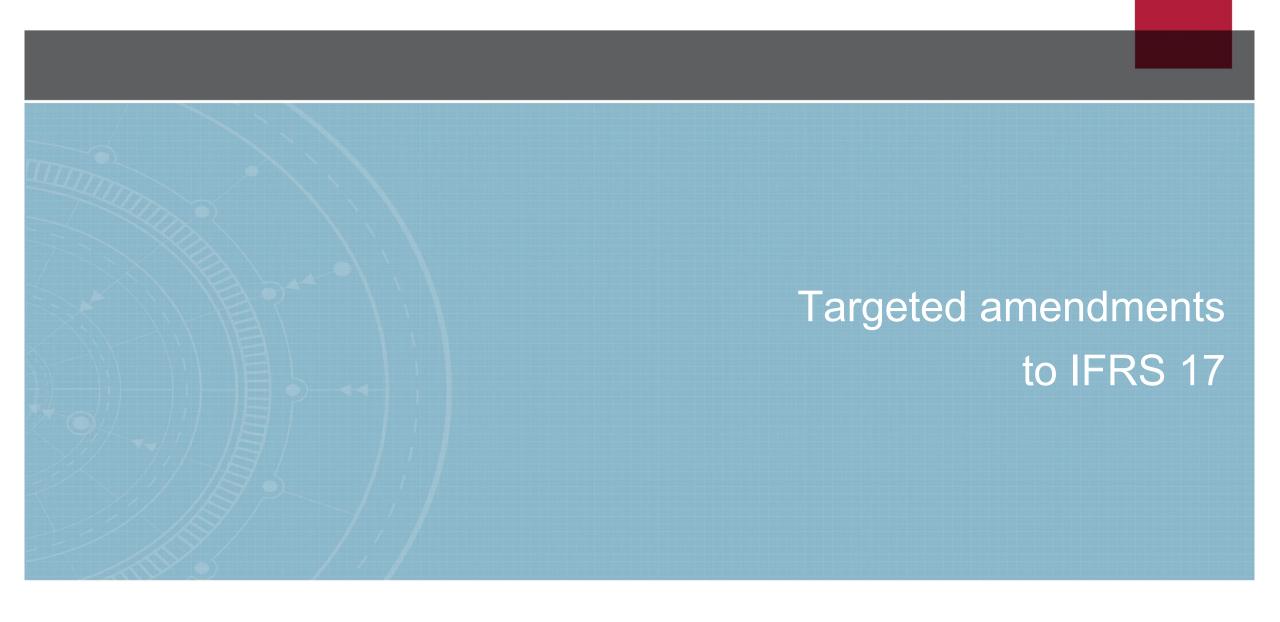


### **IFRS 17 timeline**



IASB support for IFRS 17 implementation







### Why is IASB amending IFRS 17?



To aid companies implementing the new requirements

### The targeted amendments

address many of the concerns and challenges raised by companies implementing IFRS 17

reduce IFRS 17 application
costs for companies and
make it easier for companies
to explain the results of
applying IFRS 17



### Overall feedback on the Exposure Draft

Overall support for IASB considering concerns and challenges raised since IFRS 17 was issued and proposing targeted amendments to IFRS 17

July – September 2019

70 meetings in

70 meetings in 14 jurisdictions

Outreach

Some stakeholders think IASB should extend the scope of some of the proposed amendments



123 comment letters

#### Some stakeholders commented on

- some <u>areas IASB considered</u> and for which amendments to IFRS 17 were not proposed in the Exposure Draft
- new implementation challenges specific to transactions / jurisdictions



### **Key Amendments**\*

Amendments finalised as proposed

Scope exclusion for Loan contracts

Coverage units for VFA contracts

2

Proposed amendments finalised with some changes

Scope exclusion for credit card contracts and similar contracts

3

Coverage units for general model contracts, disclosures, terminology

Reinsurance covering loss-making contracts

Additional amendments

Choice relating to interim financial statements

Policyholder's tax

7



<sup>\*</sup> Focus on issues raised by UK stakeholders

### Amendments finalised as proposed



## Scope exclusion for some loans



- Permitted to apply either IFRS 17
   or IFRS 9 to insurance contracts
   that provide insurance coverage
   only for the settlement of the
   policyholder's obligation created by
   the contract
- Insurers that invest in equity release mortgages can continue to apply IFRS 9 accounting to these investments



## Coverage units for VFA contracts

2

 For insurance contracts with direct participation features, recognise the contractual service margin in profit or loss considering both insurance coverage and investment-related service



### 3 Scope exclusion Credit card contracts and similar contracts



#### **Proposed amendment**

- Requirement to apply IFRS 9 to credit cards that meet the definition of an insurance contract if the company does not reflect an assessment of the insurance risk associated with an individual customer in setting the price of the contract with that customer
- for example, credit cards that provide insurance coverage for free

### **Supporting arguments**

General agreement that the scope exclusion would reduce implementation costs

#### Findings and suggestions

- × Extend to other banking products
- Concerns that when the insurance is contractual credit cards may not meet SPPI

#### **IASB** decision

- Extend exclusion to similar contracts
- Separate contractual insurance and apply IFRS 17 to it





## Coverage units General model contracts, disclosures, terminology



### **Proposed amendment**

- Recognition of CSM both when insurance coverage and any services relating to <u>investment activities</u> are provided
- Disclosures
- timing of expected recognition in profit or loss of remaining contractual service margin
- judgement used to determine the profit generated by any service relating to investment activities, in addition to the insurance coverage

### **Supporting arguments**

✓ General agreement that services related to investment activities need to be considered

#### Findings and suggestions

- Criteria for investment-return service too narrow
- Complexity of multiple service contracts

#### **IASB** decision

- Confirm proposals, but refer to 'investment return'
- Include investment activity costs in fulfilment cash flows even if no investmentreturn service





### 5 Reinsurance covering loss-making contracts



#### **Proposed amendment**

- Recognition of a gain on reinsurance contracts held to the extent:
- Entity recognises losses on onerous insurance contracts at initial recognition
- the reinsurance contracts
  - cover the losses of underlying contracts on proportionate basis (ie fixed % of claims is recovered)
  - are entered into before or at the same time the onerous underlying contracts are issued

#### **Supporting arguments**

Support for the direction of the amendment to reduce accounting mismatches

#### Findings and suggestions

- × Request to extend the population of reinsurance contracts to which the amendment would apply
- Concerns that the amendment might be open to abuse

#### **IASB** decision

Extend amendment to all reinsurance contracts held



### 6 Interim financial statements

### **Exposure Draft**

- Considered concerns/challenges arising from treatment of accounting estimates made in previous interim financial statements (period to period)
- However, no change proposed in the Exposure Draft

#### Feedback

- Significant implementation/application costs from:
  - maintaining two sets of accounting estimates, or
  - changing practice (year-to-date to period-to-period)

IASB decision

Make accounting policy choice



### 7 Policyholder's tax

### **Exposure Draft**

No change proposed in Exposure Draft

 Entity excludes income tax payments and receipts <u>not</u> paid or received in a fiduciary capacity from fulfilment cash flows (FCF)

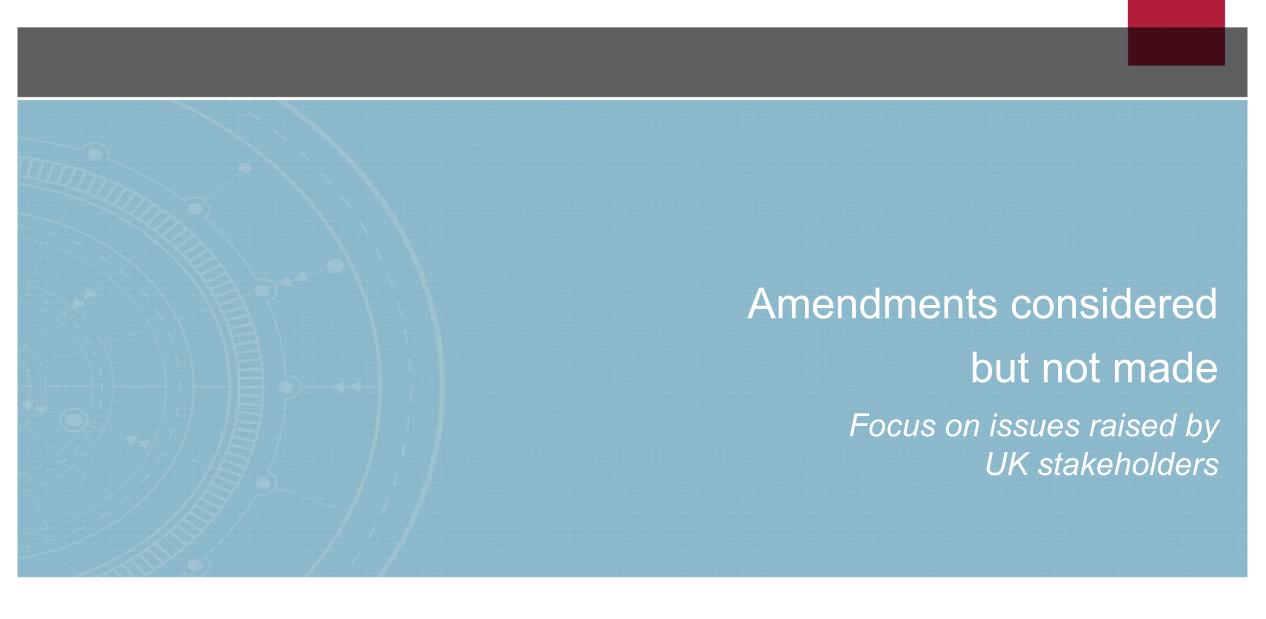
#### Feedback

 Some income tax payments and receipts, although not paid or received in a fiduciary capacity, are costs specifically chargeable to the policyholder under terms of contract

### IASB decision

 Amended to exclude income tax payments or receipts not specifically chargeable to policyholder from FCF







### Discount rate used to adjust the CSM

## IFRS 17 requirement

- General model contracts:
  - fulfilment cash flows measured at current discount rate
  - resulting adjustment to CSM (for changes related to future service) measured at locked-in discount rate

Concerns / views

- Gain or loss—difference between change to FCF and change to CSM—difficult to explain
- Some consider current discount rate would reduce operational burden and would be conceptually appropriate

- Both locked-in rates and current rates have complexities
- Use of locked-in rate provides a faithful representation of revenue earned as a company provides services



### Retrospective application of risk mitigation option

## IFRS 17 requirement

- Entity prohibited from applying risk mitigation option for periods
   before the date of transition to IFRS 17
- As amended, entity can use fair value approach in some circumstances

## Concerns / views

- Concerns regarding possible distortion affect
- Disagreement with Board cost-benefit analysis
- Suggest 'all or nothing approach'

- Risk of the use of hindsight and cherry picking
- 'All or nothing approach' unachievable in most cases
- Board's previous cost-benefit analysis holds



### Contracts acquired in their settlement period

## IFRS 17 requirement

- Contracts where event has already occurred but financial effect still uncertain: insured event is determination of cost of claims
- Liability for claims settlement of contracts acquired is classified as liability for remaining coverage until ultimate cost is known

## Concerns / views

- Entities that typically issue contracts under premium allocation approach need to develop general model systems
- Different treatment for contracts acquired and contracts issued

- IFRS 17 gives useful information about the contract the acquirer entered into at acquisition date
- An exception to definition of insured event would be a fundamental change



### Contracts that change their nature over time

## IFRS 17 requirement

- Classification of contracts is <u>not reassessed</u> subsequently
- General model or variable fee approach applies for the entire duration of the contract

## Concerns / views

- Accounting mismatches could arise for contracts that change their nature (for eg due to policyholder exercising an option)
- Suggestions to <u>optionally</u> reassess contract, or to exclude cash flows from contract boundary, or separate components

- Suggestions would significantly reduce comparability and increase complexity of IFRS 17
- Most mismatches can be reduced/eliminated applying IFRS 17

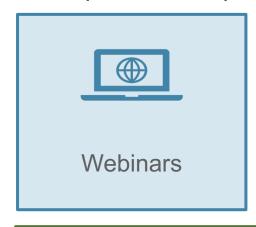






### IASB support for IFRS 17 implementation

A comprehensive programme of stakeholder engagement and implementation support to date

















### What's next

June 2020



### Issuance of the final amendments to IFRS 17

Going forward



### Implementation support

- No further TRG meetings scheduled
- TRG has not been disbanded and is available for consultation by IASB if needed
- Stakeholders can make IASB aware of implementation questions via email to insurancecontracts@ifrs.org
- Educational materials have been developed in the context of IFRS 17 as originally issued
- Stakeholders should consider information in educational materials in the context of the forthcoming amendments



### **Get involved**



