



Bucharest

With 1.8m inhabitants, Bucharest is both the largest city and capital of Romania, as well as home to the key national administrative institutions. Hotel demand predominantly stems from business travel which is linked to the activity of the governmental institutions and the increasing number of international employers in the city. Simultaneously, Bucharest boasts a variety of key leisure attractions, including the Palace of the Parliament or the Romanian Athenaeum. Since the end of the financial crisis, the city experienced continuous growth in both supply and demand¹. As such, international overnights have increased by 7.5% p. a. between 2014 and 2018 whereas domestic overnights increased by 4.9% p. a. during the same period. In terms of developments, more than 1,200 rooms are expected to be realised by the end of 2021, representing an addition of c.11% of the current room supply.

Overview

Key highlights (2018)

- Population: 1.8m
- Unemployment rate: 1.5%
- GDP: €50.6bn (2017 for Bucharest-Ilfov)
- Airport passengers: 13.8m
- International trade fairs & events: 44

Key companies

- Kaufland Romania (consumer goods)
- Lukoil Romania (oil & gas)
- Rompetrol Downstream (oil & gas)

Key attractions

- Palace of the Parliament
- Romanian Athenaeum
- Stavropoleos Church
- Old Princely Court
- Revolution Square

Recent transactions

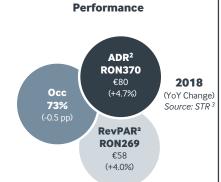
- K+K Hotel Elisabeta (as part of K+K portfolio), 4-stars, 67 keys, €11.0m (June 2019)
- Hotel Mercure Bucharest Unirii, 4-stars,
 95 kevs. €11.4m (lulv 2018)
- Radisson Blu Bucharest, 5-stars, 763 keys, €166.4m (December 2017)



Selected upcoming hotel openings

- Moxy by Marriott(3-stars, 120 keys, Q4 2019)
- Hilton Garden Inn Airport
 (4-stars, 204 keys, Q4 2019)
- Corinthia Grand Hotel du Boulevard (5-stars, 50 keys, Q4 2019)





Following the downward trend that lasted until 2013, Bucharest's performance developed predominantly positively. Despite a slight decline in room occupancy, both ADR and RevPAR increased from 2017 to 2018. Demand is primarily driven by business travel, with high demand during May-June and September-October when RevPAR levels exceed €70. As a result of the business heaviness, Bucharest struggles to attract guests over the weekend and in summer, negatively impacting the overall performance of hotels.

Notes: ¹All analysis includes Hotels only; ²Percentage changes refer to changes in RON; ³Republication or other re-use of this data without the express written permission by STR is strictly prohibited Sources: Eurostat, Romanian National Institute of Statistics, ICCA, Real Capital Analytics, STR, CNAB, Christie & Co



Christie & Co Central European Offices

Vienna

Stallburggasse 2/3a 1010 Vienna T+43 (0) 1 890 53 570 E vienna@christie.com

Munich

Pfisterstr. 6 80331 Munich T+49 (0) 89 2 00 00 070 E munich@christie.com

Frankfurt

Schillerstr. 12 60313 Frankfurt am Main T+49 (0) 69 90 74 570 E frankfurt@christie.com

Berlin

Kurfürstendamm 182 10707 Berlin T+49 (0) 30 2 00 09 60 E berlin@christie.com

