



The Canary Islands Hotel Market

Why this report?

In line with reports produced periodically by Christie & Co, we have updated the report "Hotel Market in Spain: Canary Islands", published for the first time in 2016, which analyses *the four main islands (Gran Canaria, Tenerife, Fuerteventura and Lanzarote), with the intention of determining the evolution of its main indicators in 2017 and 2018.

The Canary Islands is the region in Spain which registered the highest levels of overnight stays in 2017 (21% of the total), thanks to its varied offering of beaches, nature, sports, and other touristic attractions. With an all-year-round climate and excellent air accessibility, the destination records low levels of seasonality with consistent demand flows, contrasting with other holiday destinations in the country.

In recent years, the Canaries' hotel sector has achieved record levels, the evolution of the main indicators from 2015 to 2018 show the evident consolidation of the Canary Islands as a leading European holiday destination, which benefits from a very diversified oversea demand as well as the instability of its Mediterranean competitors (Turkey, Tunisia or Egypt).

This instability has generated a "borrowed" tourism, which now in 2018 already shows first signs of correction and return to normality.

Throughout this report we will analyse the economic, tourism and hotel framework of each of them, using public information sources that include: EXCELTUR, the National Statistics Institute (INE), AENA (Spanish Airports and Air Navigation), Ministerio de Fomento de España, Alimarket, as well as Christie & Co's own sources.

*Accounting for 2.5% of the total overnight stays in the Canaries' archipelago, the islands of La Palma, La Gomera, and El Hierro have not been included in our analysis of the islands.

Key Observations

- Demand consolidation: in line with the stabilisation of tourism demand in the archipelago, reaching historic levels in 2017, the levels of profitability have consolidated, maintaining its position as the most competitive holiday destination in Spain
- 2. The increase of the 4 and 5-star market: while a decrease in hotel supply is noted for categories lower than 4-star, establishments between the 4 and 5-star categories have increased their presence by means of both recent and future openings
- Recovery of competitive destinations: the political and economic stabilisation of competitive Mediterranean destinations has generated a correction in the demand
- Occupancy rate as the main driver of profitability decline: with the exception of Fuerteventura, the Canary Islands have seen their profitability reduced due to a general occupancy decrease
- 5. A decline in the German and British market: the collapse of the airline Niki, a subsidiary of Air Berlin, has driven a noticeable drop in German overnight stays. Additionally, the depreciation of Pound Sterling, as a direct effect of Brexit, has caused decreases of around 6% in British tourism



KPI's 2017



GRAN CANARIA	87% = 95	S = 82
LANZAROTE	86% = 89	RevPAR

TENERIFE	85%	==95 ADR	RevPAR
FUERTEVENTURA	86%	= O O	== 78 RevPAR



Islands Accessibility

2017: a record number of passengers in the airports of the Canary Islands





LOCATION

DETAILS



Gran Canaria



Tenerife



Fuerteventura



Lanzarote

Gran Canaria Airport

- Passengers 2017: 13.1m (+8.3%/2016)
- Destinations: 147 in 26 countries
- Distance to Las Palmas: 20km

Tenerife South Airport

- Passengers 2017: 11.2m (+7.4%/2016)
- Destinations: 134 in 26 countries
- Distance to Los Cristianos: 15km

Tenerife North Airport

- Passengers 2017: 4.7m (+11.5%/2016)
- Destinations: 18 in 5 countries
- Distance to Sta. Cruz de Tenerife: 10km

Fuerteventura Airport

- Passengers 2017: 6.0m (+6.6%/2016)
- Destinations: 87 in 19 countries
- Distance to Puerto del Rosario: 5km

Lanzarote Airport

- Passengers 2017: 7.4m (+10.5%/2016)
- Destinations: 84 in 19 countries
- Distance to Arrecife: 5km



The Canary Islands

Consolidation of the demand, after five years of continuous increases

After five years of record-breaking tourist demand, the Canary Islands reached a historic peak in 2017, with 73.1m of overnight stays, maintaining and strengthening its position as the top Spanish tourist destination. That same year, key performance indicators reflected a growth slowdown suggesting a possible consolidation of the demand levels. At YTD, that consolidation is confirmed by declines in the occupancy rates, that are forecasted to be more pronounced at the end of 2018.





Gran Canaria

The Miniature Continent





Gran Canaria

Highest RevPAR in the Islands

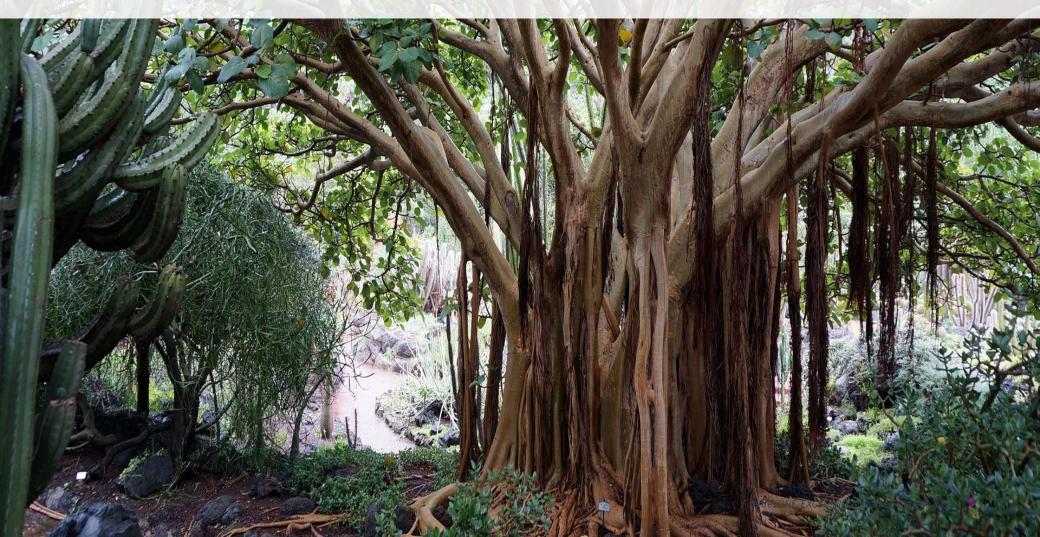
Gran Canaria is the island with the highest levels of hotel profitability in the archipelago, as well as the second in the number of overnight stays, after Tenerife. After a record year in 2016, hotel demand, dominated by the international segment, consolidated in 2017 with 19.9m of overnight stays (slight increase of 0.8% compared to 2016). At YTD, the decrease in foreign markets, mainly the German market (-6.7%/ YTD 2017) accounting for 26.0% of the overnight stays on the island, has impacted the occupancy levels of Gran Canaria (-3.0%).





Tenerife

The Endless Spring

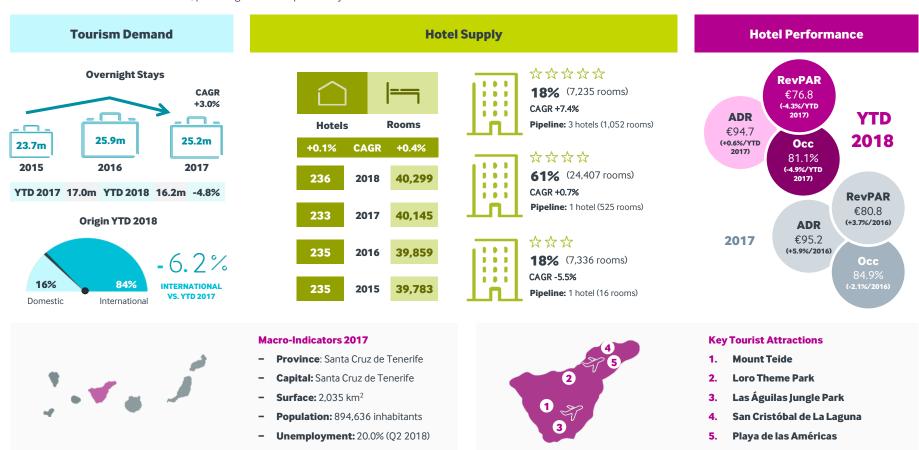




Tenerife

ADR stabilises at €95, the highest levels in the archipelago

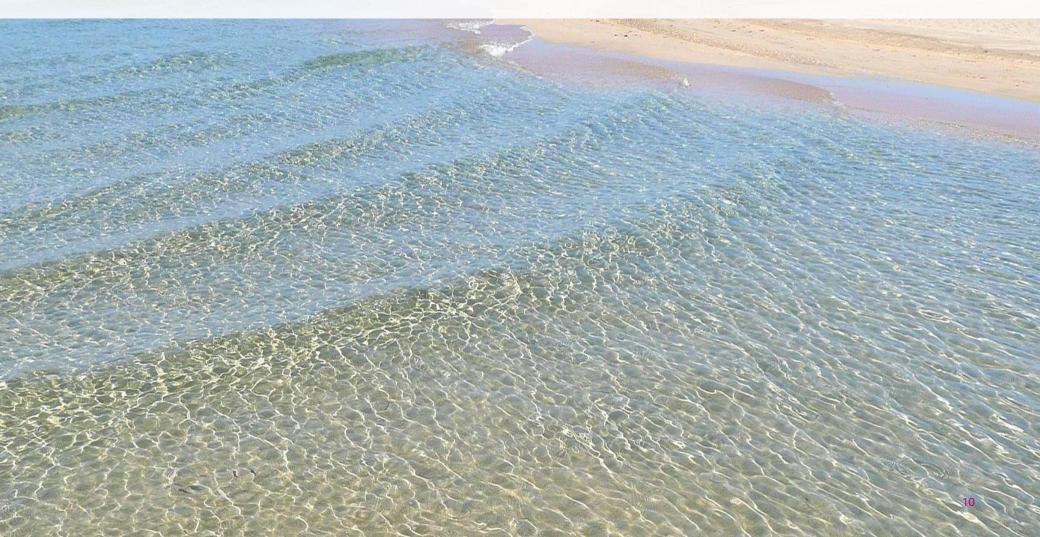
Tenerife is the first destination of the Canary Islands, accounting for approximately 35% of the total overnight stays and hotel supply. In 2017, Tenerife registered record levels of hotel performance, driven by 5.9% increase in ADR reaching €95 and establishing itself as the highest levels in the archipelago. However, in the same year, the Island recorded a decrease in international demand of 3.5%, a downward trend that remained in 2018 (-6.2%/ YTD 2017), penalising the island's profitability (-4.3%).





Fuerteventura

The Canary Islands' Beach





Fuerteventura

RevPAR increase, driven by leading occupancy levels

Fuerteventura has the highest occupancy levels of the archipelago. In 2017, the hotels on the island recorded the best results in its history driven by an increase in the average price of 8.1%. Being the market with most dependence on the overseas demand, Fuerteventura hotels have experienced a growth in their profitability in 2018 (+2.0%/ YTD 2017), driven by a 2.3% increase in ADR and the stabilisation of occupancy (-0.2%), which remained stable despite a 26.4% drop in domestic demand at YTD.





Lanzarote

Sustainable Destination





Lanzarote

The increase in ADR (+3.5%) maintains hotel profitability stable

In 2017, the increase in international demand (+3.5%/2016) and the 4 and 5-star supply (+6.0%), allowed a rise in prices of 14.0%, which sustained a RevPAR growth of 14.0%. At YTD, the two main markets, United Kingdom (41.0% of overnight stays) and Germany (19.4%), decreased by 3.3% and 6.2%, respectively, affecting significantly the levels of occupancy (-4.1%).





Glossary and Legend

Terms and Abbreviations

9	Average Daily Rate. It is defined as the income per room for the period divided by the total number of rooms occupied during the mentioned	Occ	Occupation: Proportion of occupied rooms over the total number of rooms available in a given period
AENA	period Aeropuertos Españoles y Navegación Aérea (Spanish Airports and Air Navigation)	RevPAR	Revenue per Available Room. Defined as room occupancy multiplied by the average achieved room rate or rooms revenue divided by the number of available rooms
CAGD	Compound Annual Growth Rate. Accumulated annual growth rate recorded from 2011 to 2017	GDP	Gross Domestic Product
		ттоо	Tour operators / Tour operation
C & Co	Christie & Co	var	Variation
INE	Instituto Nacional de Estadística	YoY	Year-on-year
k	Thousand	YTD	Year-to-date: At 31st August 2018
KPI	Key Performance Indicator	vs.	Versus
m	Million		

Introduction to Christie & Co

The leading hotel and leisure advisers in Europe

Christie & Co

- o Established in Spain in the year 2000
- Offices in Barcelona and Madrid
- o Providing brokerage, consultancy, and valuation services to the hotel sector
- Regulated by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS)
- o More than 275 professionals across 30 offices in eight European countries
- More than 450 hotel valuations completed annually and more than 400 current hotels for sale



Our team in Spain



Inmaculada Ranera MRICS
Managing Director Spain & Portugal
T +34 93 343 61 62
M +34 627 410 671
E Inma.Ranera(Qchristie.com



Xavier Batlle
Director
T +34 93 343 61 67
M +34 670 823 315
E Xavier.Batlle@christie.com



Íñigo Cumella de Montserrat Associate DirectorT +34 93 343 61 65
M +34 628 420 197
E Inigo.Cumella@christie.com



Guillemette Briard
Senior Consultant
T +34 93 343 61 72
M +34 679 355 693
E Guillemette.Briard@christie.com



Javier Bravo
Hotel Broker
T +34 91 794 27 19
M +34 659 354 615
E Javier.Bravo@christie.com



Jaime Prada
Hotel Broker
T +34 91 794 26 41
M +34 650 950 316
E Jaime.Prada@christie.com



Laura Vidal Kränzlin Junior Hotel Broker T +34 93 343 61 70 M +34 679 503 140 E Laura.Vidal(Qchristie.com



Joan Bagó
Analyst
T +34 93 343 61 71
E Joan.Bago@christie.com



Pol Fabregat
Analyst
T +34 93 343 61 73
E Pol.Fabregat@christie.com



Meritxell Álvaro
Marketing Manager & Team Assistant
T +34 93 343 61 76
M +34 695 417 308
E Meritxell.Alvaro@christie.com

BARCELONA

Paseo de Gracia, 11 Escalera B, 4º 3ª 08007 Barcelona

E: barcelona@christie.com

T: +34 93 343 61 61

MADRID

Paseo de la Castellana, 18 7ª Planta 28046 Madrid

> E: madrid@christie.com T: +34 91 794 26 40



christie.com