# Highfield Level 2 Endpoint Assessment for ST0005 Adult Care Worker

End-Point Assessment Kit



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# Highfield Level 2 End-Point Assessment for ST0005 Adult Care Worker

EPA-Kit

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# How to use this EPA Kit

Welcome to the Highfield End-Point Assessment Kit for the Adult Care Worker Apprenticeship Standard.

Highfield is an independent end-point assessment organisation that has been approved to offer and carry out the independent end-point assessments for the Level 2 Adult Care Worker Apprenticeship Standard. Highfield internally quality assures all end-point assessments in accordance with its IQA process, and additionally all end-point assessments are externally quality assured by the relevant EQA organisation.

The EPA kit is designed to outline all you need to know about the end-point assessments for this standard and will also provide an overview of the on-programme delivery requirements. In addition, advice and guidance for trainers on how to prepare apprentices for the end-point assessment is included. The approaches suggested are not the only way in which an apprentice may be prepared for their assessments, but trainers may find them helpful as a starting point.

Highfield also offer the Highfield Adult Care Worker Apprenti-kit, which is a comprehensive learning resource designed to be used on-programme.

For more information, please go to the Highfield Products website. Please note that use of this kit is not a prerequisite for apprentices undertaking the adult care worker end-point assessment.

Key facts	
Apprenticeship standard:	Adult Care Worker
Level:	2
On Programme Duration:	Typically 12-18 months
Grading:	Pass/merit/distinction
End-Point Assessment methods:	Situational judgement test, professional discussion



#### In this kit, you will find:

- an overview of the standard and any on-programme requirements
- a section focused on delivery, where the standard and assessment criteria are presented in a suggested format that is suitable for delivery
- guidance on how to prepare the apprentice for gateway
- detailed information on which part of the standard is assessed by which assessment method
- suggestions on how to prepare the apprentice for each part of the end-point assessment
- a section focused on the end-point assessment method where the assessment criteria are presented in a format suitable for carrying out 'mock' assessments



# Introduction

### **Standard overview**

To work in care is to make a positive difference to someone's life when they are faced with physical, practical, social, emotional or intellectual challenges. Adult care workers need to have the right values, behaviours, competences and skills to provide high quality compassionate care and support. They are the frontline staff who help adults with care and support needs to achieve their personal goals and live as independently and safely as possible, enabling them to have control and choice in their lives, which is at the heart of person-centred care. Job roles are varied and determined by, and relevant to, the type of service being provided and the person supported. Adult care workers may work in residential or nursing homes, domiciliary care, day centres or some clinical healthcare settings. This standard covers both adult care workers and personal assistants. Personal assistants do the same job as an adult care worker and work directly for 1 individual usually within their own home. Working with people, feeling passionate about supporting and enabling them to live a more independent and fulfilling life is a rewarding and worthwhile job that provides excellent career opportunities.

### **On-programme requirements**

Apprentices must undertake a programme of study in a suitable care setting and complete the Care Certificate as part of a high-quality induction programme. The Care Certificate, which builds on the previous Common Induction Standards (CIS) and National Minimum Training Standards, is a requirement for all apprentices on this standard. For those staff who have completed the CIS prior to the launch of the Care Certificate, it is the employer's responsibility to judge where the skills gaps are that staff need to fill to meet the additional standards in the Care Certificate. The Level 2 Diploma in Care (England) is completed with the support of a learning provider or employer who trains apprentices. Apprentices can only attempt the separate, mandatory end-point assessment once the recognised diploma and Care Certificate have been attempted and achieved. Apprentices must also undertake the Enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service process and provide the result to their employer prior to starting their apprenticeship. The apprentice should also receive support with:

- Ongoing assessment by the employer and provider for example meetings with apprentice, employer and learning provider, observations of workplace, gathering evidence etc.
- Completion of the self-assessment exercise



## Use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the EPA

Where AI has been used as part of the apprentice's day-to-day work and forms part of a project report, presentation, or artefact, it should be referenced as such within the work. AI must not be used to produce the report or portfolio.

Where AI has been used as part of a portfolio that underpins an interview or professional discussion or any other assessment method, it should be fully referenced within the portfolio.

### Additional, relevant on-programme qualification

The required on-programme regulated qualification for this apprenticeship is the Level 2 Diploma in Care (England)

### **Readiness for end-point assessment**

In order for an apprentice to be ready for the end-point assessments:

- the Level 1 English and mathematics components of the apprenticeship must be successfully completed by the apprentice
- 15 standards of the care certificate must be successfully achieved by the apprentice
- the apprentice should undertake a self-assessment in the last month of their apprenticeship to enable them to see whether they are confident that they have taken on board all aspects of the occupation. This self-assessment must be submitted to the independent end-point assessor as a source of evidence to prepare for the professional discussion.
- the required on-programme qualification, the Level 2 Diploma in Care must have been achieved
- the line manager (employer) must be confident that the apprentice has developed all the knowledge, skills and behaviours defined in the apprenticeship standard and that the apprentice is competent in performing their role. To ensure this, the apprentice must attend a formal meeting with their employer to complete the gateway readiness report.
- the apprentice and the employer should then engage with Highfield Assessment to agree a plan and schedule for each assessment activity to ensure all components can be completed. Further information about the gateway process is covered later in this kit.



If you have any queries regarding the gateway requirements, please contact your EPA Customer Engagement Manager at Highfield Assessment.

### Order of end-point assessments

The situational judgement test must be the first assessment component, followed by the professional discussion. The apprentice is required to complete and achieve a minimum of a pass in both of the end-point assessment components as above in addition to achieving the prerequisite components. A pass will be considered as the minimum attainment to achieve an apprentice certificate.

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# The Highfield Approach

This section describes the approach Highfield has adopted in the development of this endpoint assessment in terms of its interpretation of the requirements of the end-point assessment plan and other relevant documents.

#### Documents used in developing this end-point assessment

Apprenticeship Standard for Adult Care Worker (2014) (https://www.instituteforapprenticeships.org/apprenticeship-standards/adult-care-workerv1-1)

Assessment plan for adult care worker (ST0005/AP02, Adult Care Worker Assessment Plan v1.1 05-02-18) (https://www.instituteforapprenticeships.org/media/4727/st0005\_adultcareworker\_l2\_ap\_forpublication\_revision\_feb-2018.pdf)

Adult Care Handbook for End-Point Assessment V4 (March 2019)

#### **Specific Considerations**

In order to develop valid end-point assessments, Highfield has interpreted the requirements of the Adult Care Worker assessment plan as follows:

- knowledge parts of the standard are assessed via the situational judgement test.
- skills and behaviours within the standard are assessed through professional discussion, with coverage of the relevant skills inferred from demonstration of the skills from supporting information provided through self-assessment.
- Highfield Assessment has provided indicative assessment criteria and amplification for the knowledge and skills requirements within this EPA Kit. This is provided as further guidance to support the apprentice in preparation for end-point assessment. In the end-point assessments, the apprentice will be assessed on the high-level outcomes within the standard and not the indicative criteria provided as guidance within this EPA Kit.
- The end-point assessment plan states that the professional discussion will be a structured discussion between the apprentice and the end-point assessor. The employer may be present, to support, but not lead the apprentice and to confirm information, at the assessor's request.



- The employer will not be allowed to add any further information or examples to
  what the apprentice has stated or lead them in any way. Highfield would encourage
  the employer/training provider and the apprentice to plan for the professional
  discussion and consider what resources they may bring with them to support them
  during their professional discussion. All evidence must be the apprentice's own work
  and will only be used to support their discussion.
- Grading the professional discussion Highfield provide the following guidance to support apprentices to achieve higher than a pass grade for the professional discussion
- IfATE have introduced the flexibility framework which removes the need to complete assessments in a certain order if stated in the assessment plan. Therefore, Highfield have removed the need to complete and pass the situational judgement test within this standard. This means this assessment method can take place at any point in the assessment window, and a Pass grade is not required in order to complete the remaining assessment methods.

To achieve a pass, the apprentice must demonstrate that they have achieved **all** the elements for this assessment method.

Merit grade will be given to apprentices who are able to engage in and actively take forward their professional discussion. They are able to demonstrate an insight in applying the knowledge, skills, and behaviours set out in the standard consistently and in a range of situations. Apprentices are able to reflect on some aspects of their practice.

Distinction grade will be given to apprentices who are able to engage in a professional discussion that demonstrates an exceptional understanding and application of the knowledge, skills and behaviours of the standard. Responses demonstrate consistent knowledge of relevant concepts and theories when applied to their own practice. Apprentices are able to demonstrate skills of a reflective practitioner.

Resit and retake guidance in this EPA Kit has been produced to be consistent with the additional guidance provided by the EQAO and in the Adult Care Handbook for End Point Assessment.

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# Gateway

### How to prepare for gateway

After apprentices have completed their on-programme learning, they should be ready to pass through 'gateway' to end-point assessment.

Gateway is a meeting that should be arranged between the apprentice, employer and training provider to determine that the apprentice is ready to undertake their end-point assessment. The apprentice should prepare for this meeting by bringing along work-based evidence including:

- customer feedback
- recordings
- manager statements

As well as evidence from others, such as:

- mid and end-of-year performance reviews
- feedback to show how they have met the apprenticeship standards while onprogramme

In advance of gateway, apprentices will need to have:

- achieved Level 1 English
- achieved Level 1 mathematics
- achieved the 15 standards as set out in the Care Certificate
- achieved the Level 2 Diploma in Care (England)
- undertaken a self-assessment in the last month of their apprenticeship to enable them to see whether they are confident that they have taken on board all aspects of the occupation. This self-assessment must be submitted to the independent endpoint assessor as a source of evidence to prepare for the professional discussion

It is recommended that employers and providers complete regular checks and reviews of this evidence to ensure the apprentice is progressing and achieving standards before the formal gateway meeting is arranged.



### The gateway meeting

The gateway meeting should last around an hour and must be completed on or after the apprenticeship on-programme end date. It should be attended by the apprentice and the relevant people who have worked with the apprentice on-programme, such as the line manager/employer or mentor, the on-programme trainer/training provider and/or a senior manager (as appropriate to the business).

During the meeting, the apprentice, employer and training provider will discuss the apprentice's progress to date and confirm if the apprentice has met the full criteria of the apprenticeship standard during their on-programme training. The **Gateway Readiness Report** should be used to log the outcomes of the meeting and agreed by all 3 parties. This report is available to download from the Highfield Assessment website.

The report should then be submitted to Highfield to initiate the end-point assessment process. If you require any support completing the Gateway Readiness Report, please contact your EPA Customer Engagement Manager at Highfield Assessment.

**Please note:** a copy of the standard should be available to all attendees during the gateway meeting.

#### Reasonable adjustments and special considerations

Highfield Assessment has measures in place for apprentices who require additional support. Please refer to the Highfield Assessment Reasonable Adjustments Policy for further information/guidance.

#### **ID** requirements

Highfield Assessment will need to ensure that the person undertaking an assessment is indeed the person they are claiming to be. All employers are therefore required to ensure that each apprentice has their identification with them on the day of the assessment so the end-point assessor can check.

Highfield Assessment will accept the following as proof of an apprentice's identity:

- a valid passport (any nationality)
- a signed UK photocard driving licence
- a valid warrant card issued by HM forces or the police
- another photographic ID card, e.g. employee ID card, travel card, etc.

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# The Adult Care Worker Apprenticeship Standard

The following pages contain the Adult Care Worker Apprenticeship Standard and indicative assessment criteria in a suggested format that is suitable for delivery. The behaviours and personal attributes expected of adult care workers, the 6Cs, are listed at the end, and it is anticipated apprentices will be introduced to these behaviours throughout their programme.

The job they have to do, their main tasks and responsibilities	
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test	
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:
KA1 - The tasks and responsibilities of the job role relevant to the context of the service in which they are working. This could include supporting with social activities, monitoring health, assisting with eating, mobility and personal care.	<ul> <li>K1.1 Describe tasks and responsibilities of own role (KA1)</li> <li>K1.2 Outline how own role fits within the structure and context of the organisation (KA1)</li> </ul>
KA2 - Professional boundaries and limits of their training and expertise	<ul><li>K1.3 Describe the importance of professional boundaries in adult care (KA2)</li><li>K1.4 Outline limits of responsibility based on own training and expertise (KA2)</li></ul>
KA3 - Relevant statutory standards and codes of practice for their role	<ul> <li>K1.5 Identify statutory standards that influence own role (KA3)</li> <li>K1.6 Describe how statutory standards and codes of practice influence own role (KA3)</li> </ul>
KA4 - What the 'duty of care' is in practice	<ul> <li>K1.7 Define duty of care (KA4)</li> <li>K1.8 Describe how duty of care relates to duty of candour (KA4)</li> <li>K1.9 Explain how duty of care affects own role (KA4)</li> </ul>
KA5 - How to contribute towards the development and creation of a care plan underpinned by the individual's preferences in regard to the way they want to be supported	<ul> <li>K1.10 Explain the importance of using an individual care plan (KA5)</li> <li>K1.11 Describe how to contribute to the development of an individual's care plan (KA5)</li> <li>K1.12 Describe how to find out the individual's preferences in relation to the</li> </ul>
	way they want to be supported (KA5)



The job they have to do, their main tasks and responsibilities	
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test         The apprentice will know and understand:       Indicative assessment criteria:	
KA6 - How to identify, respond to and escalate changes to physical, social, and emotional needs of individuals	<ul> <li>K1.13 List physical, social and emotional needs of individuals (KA6)</li> <li>K1.14 Explain how to identify, respond to and escalate changes to physical, social and emotional needs of individuals (KA6)</li> </ul>
KA7 - How to access, follow and be compliant with regulations and organisational policies and procedures	<ul> <li>K1.15 Outline how to access regulations and organisational policies and procedures (KA7)</li> <li>K1.16 Explain how regulations and organisational policies and procedures are implemented in own role (KA7)</li> </ul>

#### Amplification and guidance

#### Tasks and responsibilities:

This could include supporting with social activities, monitoring health, assisting with eating, mobility and personal care

#### Statutory standards:

This could include:

- Codes of practice
- Regulations
- Minimum standards
- National occupational standards
- Care Certificate

#### Duty of care:

Duty of care means that a worker must aim to provide high quality care to the best of their ability and say if there are any reasons why they may be unable to do so.



#### Individual's care plan:

A care plan may be known by other names e.g. support plan, individual plan. It is the document where day to day requirements and preferences for care and support are detailed.

**Individual** refers to someone requiring care or support; it will usually mean the person or people supported by the apprentice.

The importance of having the right values and behaviours		
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test		
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KB8 - How to support and enable individuals to achieve their personal aims and goals	<ul> <li>K2.1 Define person centred values (KB8)</li> <li>K2.2 Explain the importance of working in a way that embeds person centred values (KB8)</li> <li>K2.3 Explain why risk-taking can be part of a person-centred approach (KB8)</li> <li>K2.4 Explain how to work in a way that supports and enables individuals to achieve their personal aims and goals (KB8)</li> </ul>	
KB9 - What dignity means in how to work with individuals and others	K2.5 Explain how to promote dignity in own role with individuals and <b>others</b> (KB9)	
KB10 - The importance of respecting diversity and treating everyone equally	<ul> <li>K2.6 Explain what is meant by: <ul> <li>Diversity</li> <li>Equality</li> <li>Inclusion</li> <li>Discrimination (KB10)</li> </ul> </li> <li>K2.7 Illustrate the importance of respecting diversity and promoting equality (KB10)</li> <li>K2.8 Give examples of practices that respect diversity and promote equality (KB10)</li> </ul>	



#### Amplification and guidance

Person centred values include:

- Individuality
- Rights
- Choice
- Privacy
- Independence
- Dignity
- Respect
- Care
- Compassion
- Courage
- Communication
- Competence
- Partnership

**Others:** Could include your own colleagues and other professionals across health and social care.



The importance of communication	
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test	
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:
KC11 - The barriers to communication	<ul> <li>K3.1 Identify barriers to communication (KC11)</li> <li>K3.2 Give examples of ways to reduce barriers to communication (KC11)</li> <li>K3.3 Describe ways to check that communication has been understood (KC11)</li> <li>K3.4 List sources of information, support and services to enable communication with individuals and others (KC11)</li> </ul>
KC12 - The impact of non-verbal communication	<ul> <li>K3.5 List types of non-verbal communication (KC12)</li> <li>K3.6 Give examples of situations when non-verbal communication is used (KC12)</li> <li>K3.7 Explain the impact of using non-verbal communication methods to support individuals (KC12)</li> </ul>
KC13 - The importance of active listening	<ul> <li>K3.8 Define active listening (KC13)</li> <li>K3.9 Explain how to use active listening in own role (KC13)</li> <li>K3.10 Explain the importance of active listening (KC13)</li> </ul>
KC14 - How the way they communicate can affect others	K3.11 Assess how own communication can affect individuals and others (KC14)
KC15 - About different forms of communication e.g. signing, communication boards etc	<ul> <li>K3.12 Describe different ways that individuals communicate (KC15)</li> <li>K3.13 Describe how to establish individuals' communication and language needs, wishes and preferences (KC15)</li> </ul>
KC16 - How to find out the best way to communicate with the individual they are supporting	K3.14 Describe <b>methods of communication</b> used to meet individuals' communication needs, wishes and preferences (KC16)

KC17 - How to make sure confidential information is	K3.15	Define the term 'confidentiality' (KC17)
kept safe	K3.16	Identify legislation and agreed ways of working in relation to the
		confidential handling of information (KC17)
	K3.17	Describe ways of handling confidential information (KC17)

Amplification and guidance	
Services may include:	
<ul> <li>Translation services</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Interpreting services</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Speech and language services</li> </ul>	
Advocacy services	
Non-verbal communication may include:	
Position/proximity	
Eye contact	
Touch	
Signs	
<ul> <li>Symbols and pictures</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Physical gestures</li> </ul>	
Body language	
Behaviour	
Writing	
Objects of reference	
Human and technological aids	
Preferences may be based on:	
Beliefs	
Values	



Culture

Methods of communication may be:

- Verbal
- Non-verbal
- Human
- Technological

Legislation may include:

- Data Protection Act
- Human Rights Act
- Mental Capacity Act

#### Agreed ways of working:

This refers to organisational policies and procedures. This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the selfemployed or formal policies.



How to support individuals to remain safe from harm (Safeguarding)		
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test		
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KD18 - What abuse is and what to do when they have concerns someone is being abused	<ul> <li>K4.1 Define different types of abuse (KD18)</li> <li>K4.2 List the signs and symptoms of different types of abuse (KD18)</li> <li>K4.3 Describe factors that may contribute to an individual being more vulnerable to abuse (KD18)</li> <li>K4.4 Explain the actions to take if there are concerns that an individual is being abused (KD18)</li> <li>K4.5 Explain the actions to take if an individual alleges that they are being abused (KD18)</li> <li>K4.6 State ways to ensure evidence of abuse is preserved (KD18)</li> </ul>	
KD19 - The national and local strategies for safeguarding and protection from abuse	<ul> <li>K4.7 Outline national policies for safeguarding and protection from abuse (KD19)</li> <li>K4.8 Outline local strategies for safeguarding and protection from abuse (KD19)</li> </ul>	
KD20 - What to do when receiving comments and complaints	<ul> <li>K4.9 Describe the importance of an accessible complaints procedure for reducing the likelihood of abuse (KD20)</li> <li>K4.10 Explain the actions to take when receiving comments and complaints (KD20)</li> </ul>	
KD21 - How to recognise unsafe practices in the workplace	<ul> <li>K4.11 Give examples of unsafe practices that may affect the wellbeing of individuals (KD21)</li> <li>K4.12 Explain the actions to take if unsafe practices have been identified (KD21)</li> <li>K4.13 Explain the actions to take if unsafe practices have been reported but nothing has been done in response (KD21)</li> </ul>	
KD22 - The importance and process of whistleblowing	<ul> <li>K4.14 Define the term whistleblowing (KD22)</li> <li>K4.15 Assess the importance of whistleblowing in adult care (KD22)</li> <li>K4.16 Describe the process for whistleblowing (KD22)</li> </ul>	



KD23 - How to address any dilemmas they may face between a person's rights and their safety	K4.17 Give examples of dilemmas that may be faced between a person's rights and their safety (KD23)
	K4.18 Describe how to address dilemmas that may be faced between a person's rights and their safety (KD23)
Amplification and guidance	
Abuse includes:	
Physical abuse	
<ul> <li>Domestic violence – this should include acts o</li> </ul>	f control and coercion
Sexual abuse	
<ul> <li>Psychological abuse</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Financial/material abuse</li> </ul>	
Modern slavery	
<ul> <li>Discriminatory abuse</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Organisational abuse</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Neglect/acts of omission</li> </ul>	
Self-neglect	
Abuse may be covert and subtle as well as overt.	
Factors may be internal or external to the individual.	
Actions to take constitute the worker's responsibilitie	s in responding to allegations or suspicions of abuse.
Local strategies may include:	
Employer/organisational policies and procedu	res
Multi-agency adult protection arrangements for	or a locality
• The roles of different agencies in safeguarding	and protecting individuals from abuse



**Unsafe practices** may include:

- Poor working practices
- Resource difficulties
- Operational difficulties
- Restrictive practices

Wellbeing may include aspects that are:

- Social
- Emotional
- Cultural
- Spiritual
- Intellectual
- Economic

#### Whistleblowing:

Whistleblowing is when a worker reports suspected wrongdoing at work. Officially this is called "making a disclosure in the public interest" and may sometimes be referred to as "escalating concerns." You must report things that you feel are not right, are illegal or if anyone at work is neglecting their duties. This includes when someone's health and safety is in danger; damage to the environment; a criminal offence; that the company is not obeying the law (like not having the right insurance); or covering up wrongdoing.



How to promote health and wellbeing for the individuals they support and work colleagues		
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test		
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KE24 - The health and safety responsibilities of self, employer and workers	<ul> <li>K5.1 Outline legislation and regulations relating to health and safety in adult care (KE24)</li> <li>K5.2 Describe responsibilities for health and safety of: <ul> <li>Self</li> <li>Employer</li> <li>Worker</li> <li>Others in the work setting (KE24)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
KE25 - How to keep safe in the work environment	<ul> <li>K5.3 Describe agreed ways of working for health and safety (KE25)</li> <li>K5.4 List health and safety tasks that should only be carried out with specialist training (KE25)</li> <li>K5.5 Outline sources of information, guidance and support relating to health and safety (KE25)</li> </ul>	
KE26 - What to do when there is an accident or sudden illness	<ul> <li>K5.6 Describe types of accidents or sudden illness that may occur (KE26)</li> <li>K5.7 Outline the procedures to be followed if an accident or sudden illness should occur (KE26)</li> </ul>	
KE27 - What to do with hazardous substances	<ul> <li>K5.8 Identify hazardous substances and materials that may be found in adult care (KE27)</li> <li>K5.9 Outline safe practices for: <ul> <li>Storing hazardous substances and materials</li> <li>Using hazardous substances and materials</li> <li>Disposing of hazardous substances and materials (KE27)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
KE28 - How to promote fire safety	K5.10Describe how to prevent fires from starting or spreading (KE28)K5.11Outline what to do in the event of a fire (KE28)	



KE29 - How to reduce the spread of infection	<ul> <li>K5.12 Identify the roles and responsibilities in the prevention and control of infection (KE29)</li> <li>K5.13 Describe the causes and spread of infection (KE29)</li> <li>K5.14 Describe ways to reduce the spread of infection (KE29)</li> <li>K5.15 Outline ways to ensure that own health and hygiene does not pose a risk to others (KE29)</li> </ul>
KE30 - What a risk assessment is and how it can be used to promote person centred care safely	<ul> <li>K5.16 Outline the difference between a hazard and a risk (KE30)</li> <li>K5.17 Explain the purpose of risk assessment in adult care (KE30)</li> <li>K5.18 Explain how risk assessments can be used to promote person centred care safely (KE30)</li> </ul>
Amplification and guidance	
<ul> <li>Legislation and regulations could include:</li> <li>Health and Safety at Work etc. Act</li> <li>Control of Substances Hazardous to Health</li> <li>Manual Handling Operations Regulations</li> <li>Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous</li> <li>Food Safety Act and Regulations</li> <li>Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations</li> </ul>	Occurrences Regulations
<ul> <li>Others may include:</li> <li>Individuals</li> <li>Team members</li> <li>Other colleagues</li> <li>Those who use or commission their own healt</li> <li>Families, carers and advocates</li> </ul>	h or care services
<b>Agreed ways of working:</b> This refers to organisational policies and procedures. employed or formal policies.	This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the self-

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Hazardous substances and materials could include:

- Skin irritants
- Blood and bodily fluids
- Sharps
- Used PPE
- Used dressings and equipment
- Hygiene waste
- Spillage kits
- Medicines and drugs
- Cleaning products

Roles and responsibilities could include those of:

- Self
- Employer
- Individuals
- Others

Infections may include: E-coli, Norovirus etc.

How to work professionally, including their own professional development		
Knowledge – Situational Judgement Test		
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KF31 - What a professional relationship is with the person being supported and colleagues	<ul> <li>K6.1 Explain how a professional relationship is different from a personal relationship (KF31)</li> <li>K6.2 Compare the differences between professional relationships with individuals and <b>others</b> (KF31)</li> </ul>	

KF32 - How to work together with other people and	K6.3	Define the term <b>co-production</b> (KF32)
organisations in the interest of the person being supported	K6.4	Explain the importance of working in partnership with individuals and others (KF32)
	K6.5	Give examples of how to work in partnership with individuals and others in the interests of the individual being supported (KF32)
KF33 - How to be actively involved in their personal development plan	K6.6	Identify sources of information and support for own learning and development (KF33)
	K6.7	Explain how to use feedback from individuals and others to support own learning and development (KF33)
	K6.8	Explain how reflecting on practice contributes to own learning and development (KF33)
	K6.9	Describe the process for agreeing a personal development plan and <b>who</b> should be involved (KF33)
KF34 - The importance of excellent core skills in writing, numbers and information technology	K6.10	Give examples of the core skills in: <ul> <li>writing</li> </ul>
	K6.11	<ul> <li>number and</li> <li>information technology that are essential to own role (KF34)</li> <li>Explain the importance of excellent core skills in writing, number and information technology for workers in adult care (KF34)</li> </ul>
KF35 - What to do to develop, sustain and exhibit a positive attitude and personal resilience	K6.13	Describe what is meant by <b>personal resilience</b> (KF35) Explain why a positive attitude and personal resilience is essential to workers in adult care (KF35) Explain <b>how to develop, sustain and exhibit</b> a positive attitude and personal resilience (KF35)
KF36 - Where and how to access specialist knowledge when needed to support performance of the job role	K6.15 K6.16	Identify specialist knowledge that may be needed to support performance in own role (KF36) Identify where and how to access specialist knowledge to support performance in own role (KF36)



#### Amplification and guidance

#### Others:

Could include your own colleagues and other professionals across health and social care.

#### **Co-production:**

The Care Act's statutory guidance states that co-production is:

'When an individual influences the support and services received, or when groups of people get together to influence the way that services are designed, commissioned and delivered'.

#### Use feedback from individuals and others:

This may include:

- Individuals
- Carers
- Advocates
- Supervisor, line manager or employer
- Team members
- Other professionals

#### Who should be involved:

This may include:

- Individuals
- Carers
- Advocates
- Supervisor, line manager or employer
- Team members
- Other professionals

#### Core skills:

The core skills of writing, number and information technology are those that are needed to perform confidently and effectively at work.

#### Personal resilience including:

- Behaviours associated with personal resilience
- Factors that influence resilience including personality, experience, situations and other people.



How to develop, sustain and exhibit a positive attitude and personal resilience: This could include:

- Who is responsible for supporting the worker to develop, sustain and exhibit a positive attitude and personal resilience.
- Factors that contribute to developing, sustaining and exhibiting a positive attitude and personal resilience including stress management, coping strategies, reflection, supervision, learning and development, professional boundaries and working within own limits of responsibility, positive workplace culture.

The main tasks and responsibilities according to their job role			
Skills – Professional Discussion			
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:		
SA1 - Support individuals they are working with according to their personal care/support plan	<ul> <li>S7.1 Apply person centred values to daily working practice (SA1)</li> <li>S7.2 Demonstrate person centred approaches that take into account the history, preferences, wishes and needs of individuals (SA1)</li> </ul>		
SA2 - Ask for help from an appropriate person when not confident or skilled in any aspect of their role	S7.3 Recognise own boundaries and limitations by asking for help from an appropriate person when necessary (SA2)		
SA3 - Provide individuals with information to enable them to have choice about the way they are supported	<ul> <li>S7.4 Source information for individuals to support their decision-making processes (SA3)</li> <li>S7.5 Use agreed risk assessment processes to support individual's right to make choices (SA3)</li> </ul>		
SA4 - Encourage individuals to participate in the way their care and support is delivered	S7.6 Demonstrate ways to encourage individuals to actively participate in their care and support (SA4)		
SA5 - Ensure the individual knows what they are agreeing to regarding the way in which they are supported	<ul> <li>S7.7 Provide individuals with information to be able to give consent (SA5)</li> <li>S7.8 Establish consent for an activity or action (SA5)</li> <li>S7.9 Demonstrate steps to take if consent cannot be established (SA5)</li> </ul>		



SA6 - Contribute to the on-going development of care/support plans for the individual they support	S7.10 Use <b>agreed ways of working</b> to contribute to the development and review of care/support plans for individuals (SA6)
SA7 - Support individuals with cognitive, physical or sensory impairments	<ul> <li>S7.11 Explain how cognitive, physical and sensory impairments may influence an individual's needs in relation to their care (SA7)</li> <li>S7.12 Explain how to adapt own care practice to support individuals with <ul> <li>cognitive</li> <li>physical</li> <li>sensory</li> <li>impairments (SA7)</li> </ul> </li> <li>S7.13 Demonstrate ways to support individuals with <ul> <li>cognitive</li> <li>physical</li> <li>sensory</li> <li>impairments (SA7)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Amplification and guidance	
Person centred values include:	
Individuality	
Rights	
Choice	
Privacy	
Independence     Display.	
Dignity	
Respect	
Care     Companying	
Compassion	
Courage	
Communication	

Competence



#### • Partnership

Person centred approaches should include evidence of:

- Establishing consent informed agreement to an action or decision; the process of establishing consent will vary according to an individual's assessed capacity to consent ('mental capacity')
- Supporting risk enablement
- Encouraging active participation a way of working that recognizes an individual's right to participate in the activities and relationships of everyday life as independently as possible; the individual is regarded as an active partner in their own care of support, rather than a passive recipient
- Supporting individuals' right to make choices
- Supporting individuals' well-being which may include aspects that are social, emotional, cultural, spiritual, intellectual, economic, physical and mental

#### Agreed ways of working:

This refers to organisational policies and procedures. This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the selfemployed or formal policies.

#### Cognitive impairments include:

- Mental health conditions
- Learning disabilities
- Dementia



Treating people with respect and dignity and honouring their human rights			
Skills – Professional Discussion			
Indicative assessment criteria:			
S8.1 Demonstrate an <b>approach</b> that ensures dignity is central to own care practice (SB8)			
S8.2 Demonstrate an approach that promotes <b>person centred values</b> (See 7.2 also) (SB9)			
<ul> <li>S8.3 Describe the term <b>empathy</b> in relation to supporting individuals (SB10)</li> <li>S8.4 Select verbal and non-verbal communication skills that demonstrate an empathic approach (SB10)</li> <li>S8.5 Demonstrate empathy in practice with individuals (SB10)</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>S8.6 Select ways to support individuals that may challenge their personal or cultural beliefs (SB11)</li> <li>S8.7 Reflect on situations when courage has been used to support individuals (SB11)</li> </ul>			
S			

#### Approach:

The workers approach should include demonstration of actions, behaviours and values that embed dignity as a central component of the care they provide.

#### Person centred values include:

- Individuality
- Rights
- Choice
- Privacy



- Independence
- Dignity
- Respect
- Care
- Compassion
- Courage
- Communication
- Competence
- Partnership

**Empathy** involves the worker considering the individual's experience from their perspective, putting themselves in the individual's position and imagining what it feels like for the individual rather than how the worker would feel if they were in the individual's position.

Their means the care worker's personal beliefs.

Communicating clearly and responsibly Skills – Professional Discussion		
The apprentice will be able to:       Indicative assessment criteria:		
SC12 - Speak clearly and exhibit positive non-verbal communication to individuals, families, carers and advocates	S9.1 Demonstrate use of <b>verbal and non-verbal communication methods</b> that support interactions positively with individuals and others (SC12)	
SC13 - Use the preferred methods of communication of the individual they support according to their language, culture, sensory needs and their wishes	<ul> <li>S9.2 Establish individual's communication and language needs, wishes and preferences (SC13)</li> <li>S9.3 Select preferred methods of communication for different individuals according to their language, culture, sensory needs and wishes (SC13)</li> </ul>	



SC14 - Identify and take steps to reduce environmental barriers to communication	S9.4 S9.5	Recognise <b>barriers to communication</b> in practice (SC14) Demonstrate ways to reduce barriers to communication in different ways
	39.5	(SC14)
SC15 - Demonstrate they can check for	S9.6	Observe individual's reactions when communicating with them (SC15)
understanding	S9.7	Respond to individual's reactions using verbal and non-verbal communication skills (SC15)
	S9.8	Use verbal and non-verbal communication methods to summarise and clarify understanding (SC15)
SC16 - Write clearly and concisely in records and reports	S9.9	Provide evidence of clear and concise written communication in records and reports (SC16)
SC17 - Keep information safe and confidential according to agreed ways of working	S9.10	Demonstrate ways to keep information safe and confidential according to agreed ways of working (SC17)

Amplification and guidance	
Verbal and non-verbal communication methods:	
Verbal communication may include:	
Vocabulary	
Linguistic tone	
• Pitch	
<ul> <li>Accent/regional variations</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Jargon/complex terminology</li> </ul>	
Non-verbal communication may include:	
<ul> <li>Position/proximity</li> </ul>	
Eye contact	
Touch	
• Signs	



- Symbols and pictures
- Physical gestures
- Body language
- Behaviour
- Writing
- Objects of reference
- Human and technological aids

Preferences may be based on:

- Beliefs
- Values
- Culture

**Barriers to communication** should include how people from different backgrounds may use or interpret communication methods in different ways.

#### Agreed ways of working:

This refers to organisational policies and procedures. This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the selfemployed or formal policies.

# Supporting individuals to remain safe from harm (Safeguarding)

Skills – Professional Discussion		
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
SD18 - Recognise potential signs of different forms of abuse	S10.1 Demonstrate how to recognise potential signs of different forms of <b>abuse</b> (SD18)	
SD19 - Respond to concerns of abuse according to agreed ways of working	S10.2 Follow agreed ways of working to respond to concerns of abuse (SD19)	
SD20 - Recognise, report and challenge unsafe practices	S10.3 Demonstrate knowledge of <b>unsafe practices</b> by recognising examples in a work context (SD20)	
	S10.4 Demonstrate how to use agreed ways of working to report unsafe practices (SD20)	



S10.5	Use courage to challenge unsafe practices	(SD20)
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#### Amplification and guidance

Abuse includes:

- Physical abuse
- Domestic violence this should include acts of control and coercion
- Sexual abuse
- Psychological abuse
- Financial/material abuse
- Modern slavery
- Discriminatory abuse
- Organisational abuse
- Neglect/acts of omission
- Self-neglect

#### Agreed ways of working:

This refers to organisational policies and procedures. This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the selfemployed or formal policies.

Unsafe practices may include:

- Poor working practices
- Resource difficulties
- Operational difficulties



Championing health and wellbeir	ng for the individuals they support and for work colleagues		
Skills – Professional Discussion			
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:		
SE21 - Promote the health and wellbeing of the individual they support	S11.1 Use <b>communication skills</b> and <b>person centred values</b> to encourage individuals to actively participate in their health and wellbeing (SE21)		
SE22 - Move people and objects safely	<ul> <li>S11.2 Follow agreed ways of working and individual care plans to move and assist people and objects safely (SE22)</li> <li>S11.3 Use own communication skills and person centred values to maintain dignity whilst moving people and objects safely (SE22)</li> </ul>		
SE23 - Demonstrate how to reduce the spread of infection, including use of best practice in hand hygiene	<ul> <li>S11.4 Demonstrate the recommended method for hand washing (SE23)</li> <li>S11.5 Demonstrate the appropriate use of <b>Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)</b> (SE23)</li> <li>S11.6 Demonstrate ways to ensure own health and hygiene does not pose a risk to others (SE23)</li> </ul>		
SE24 - Demonstrate the promotion of healthy eating and wellbeing by ensuring individuals have access to fluids, food and nutrition	<ul> <li>S11.7 Explain the importance of good nutrition and hydration in maintaining health and wellbeing (SE24)</li> <li>S11.8 Explain how to promote nutrition and hydration to meet individual care needs (SE24)</li> <li>S11.9 Ensure fluids, food and nutritional products are within reach of those that have restrictions on their movement/mobility (SE24)</li> <li>S11.10 Ensure fluids are refreshed on a regular basis (SE24)</li> <li>S11.11 Ensure food and nutritional products are provided at the appropriate temperature and in accordance with individual care plans (SE24)</li> <li>S11.12 Ensure appropriate utensils are available to enable individuals to meet their fluid and nutritional needs as independently as possible (SE24)</li> <li>S11.13 Use communication skills and person-centred values to support and encourage individuals to drink and eat in accordance with individual care plans (SE24)</li> </ul>		

SE25 - Demonstrate how to keep people, buildings and themselves safe and secure	S11.14 Follow agreed ways of working to keep self, individuals, others and buildings safe and secure (SE25)
SE26 - Carry out fire safety procedures when required	S11.15 Follow agreed ways of working in relation to fire safety procedures (SE26)
SE27 - Use risk assessments to support individuals safely	S11.16 Follow agreed ways of working and individual risk assessments to support the safety of individuals and others (SE27)
SE28 - Recognise symptoms of cognitive impairment, e.g. Dementia, learning disabilities and mental health	See 7.9, 7.10 and 7.11
SE29 - Monitor and report changes in health and wellbeing for individuals they support	S11.17 Follow agreed ways of working to monitor and report changes to individuals' health and wellbeing (SE29)

## Amplification and guidance

## Agreed ways of working:

This refers to organisational policies and procedures. This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the selfemployed or formal policies. Agreed ways of working in relation to moving and assisting people and objects, safety and security, fire safety, health, safety and wellbeing will be informed by relevant legislation and regulations.

## Individual care plans:

A care plan may be known by other names e.g. support plan, individual plan. It is the document where day to day requirements and preferences for care and support are detailed.

## Communication skills:

Verbal communication may include:

- Vocabulary
- Linguistic tone
- Pitch
- Accent/regional variations
- Jargon/complex terminology



Non-verbal communication may include:

- Position/proximity
- Eye contact
- Touch
- Signs
- Symbols and pictures
- Physical gestures
- Body language
- Behaviour
- Writing
- Objects of reference
- Human and technological aids

### Person centred values include:

- Individuality
- Rights
- Choice
- Privacy
- Independence
- Dignity
- Respect
- Care
- Compassion
- Courage
- Communication
- Competence
- Partnership





## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The worker must know the different types of PPE and how to use PPE correctly and appropriately in their work environment. Appropriate use may, in some cases, mean after consideration PPE is not required.

Wellbeing may include aspects that are:

- Social
- Emotional
- Cultural
- Spiritual
- Intellectual
- Economic

Working professionally and seeking to develop their own professional development				
Skills – Professional Discussion				
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:			
SF30 - Reflect on own work practices	<ul> <li>S12.1 Explain why reflecting on work activities is an important way to develop knowledge, skills, behaviours, values and practice (SF30)</li> <li>S12.2 Use a reflective journal to assess development of own knowledge, skills, behaviours, values and practice (SF30)</li> </ul>			
SF31 - Demonstrate the development of their own skills and knowledge, including core skills in writing, numbers and information technology	<ul> <li>S12.3 Provide evidence to demonstrate how own knowledge and skills are developing (SF31)</li> <li>S12.4 Provide evidence to demonstrate how own core skills are developing in practice (SF31)</li> </ul>			
SF32 - Demonstrate their contribution to their development plan	S12.5 Provide evidence of contributions to own personal development plan (SF32)			



SF33 - Demonstrate ability to work in partnership with others to support the individual	<ul> <li>S12.6 Follow agreed ways of working to work in partnership with individuals and others (SF33)</li> <li>S12.7 Demonstrate ways of working that can improve partnerships (SF33)</li> </ul>
SF34 - Identify sources of support when conflicts arise with other people or organisations	<ul> <li>S12.8 Demonstrate how and when to access support and guidance about:</li> <li>Partnership working</li> <li>Resolving conflicts (SF34)</li> </ul>
SF35 - Demonstrate they can work within safe, clear professional boundaries	See 7.3
SF36 - Show they can access and apply additional skills required to perform the specific job role competently	S12.9 Provide <b>evidence of occasions</b> when own skills have been developed in order to support own role (SF36)

#### Amplification and guidance

#### **Reflective journal:**

Is a term used to describe documentary evidence of a workers' reflections on their own practice. This can be evidenced in a variety of ways and does not have to be in the form of a journal.

### Knowledge and skills are developing:

The worker should be able to demonstrate how a learning activity has improved their own knowledge, skills and understanding. The worker should be able to demonstrate how reflecting on a situation has improved their own knowledge, skills and understanding.

#### Core skills:

The core skills of writing, number and information technology are those that are needed to perform confidently and effectively at work.

### Agreed ways of working:

This refers to organisational policies and procedures. This includes those less formally documented by individual employers and the selfemployed or formal policies.



## Evidence of occasions:

This could be in the form of CPD training, refresher training, core skills training, formal or informal learning etc.

Care		
Behaviour – Professional Discussion		
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
B1 is caring consistently and enough about individuals to make a positive difference to their lives	is caring consistently and enough about individuals to make a positive difference to their lives (B1)	

Compassion		
Behaviour – Professional Discussion		
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
B2 is delivering care and support with kindness, consideration, dignity and respect	is delivering care and support with kindness, consideration, dignity and respect (B2)	

Courage			
Behaviour – Professional Discussion			
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:		
B3 is doing the right thing for people and speaking up if the individual they support is at risk	is doing the right thing for people and speaking up if the individual they support is at risk (B3)		



Communication Behaviour – Professional Discussion		
The apprentice will evidence the following:     Indicative assessment criteria:		
B4 good communication is central to successful caring relationships and effective team working	good communication is central to successful caring relationships and effective team working (B4)	

Competence			
Behaviour – Professional Discussion			
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:		
B5 is applying knowledge and skills to provide high quality care and support	is applying knowledge and skills to provide high quality care and support (B5)		

Commitment			
Behaviour – Professional Discussion			
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:		
B6 to improving the experience of people who need care and support ensuring it is person centred	to improving the experience of people who need care and support ensuring it is person centred (B6)		

## **Assessment Summary**

The end-point assessment for adult care worker is made up of 2 components that must be taken in the following order:

- 1. Situational judgement test consisting of 60 questions, which has a 90-minute duration
- 2. Professional discussion, which has a 45-minute duration

As an employer/training provider, you should agree a plan and schedule with the apprentice to ensure all assessment components can be completed effectively.

Each component of the end-point assessment will be assessed against the appropriate outcomes laid out in this kit, which will be used to determine a grade for each individual component.

A pass will be considered as the minimum attainment to achieve an apprentice certificate.

## Situational judgement test

The 60-question multiple-choice test (with situational judgement questions) will present the candidate with a range of real-life scenarios drawn from the knowledge elements of the standard. They will focus on the higher order competencies rather than factual recall.

- To achieve a pass, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 40 out of 60
- To achieve a merit, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 50 out of 60
- To achieve a distinction, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 55 out of 60

The criteria for the situational judgement test are the knowledge-based outcomes described earlier in this kit.



## **Professional Discussion**

The professional discussion is a holistic approach to assessing skills and behaviours. It is important to bear in mind that the professional discussion is not simply a question and answer session. From the end-point assessor's point of view, the discussion is a highly structured interview, however from the apprentice's point of view, it should feel open and fluid, so they can demonstrate that they have covered the required outcomes.

The outcomes that will be covered within the professional discussion are the behaviours and skills of the standard, shown earlier in this Kit.

The apprentice can achieve a pass, a merit or a distinction in the professional discussion.

Further guidance on preparing for the professional discussion, and grading, can be found later in this EPA kit.

## Grading

The overall grade for the apprentice is determined using the matrix below:

		Professional Discussion			
	Pass Merit		Distinction		
ational ement est	Pass	Pass	Merit	Merit	
Situatio Judgeme Test	Merit	Pass	Merit	Distinction	
lu Ju	Distinction	Merit	Merit	Distinction	

#### Grading the situational judgement test

- To achieve a pass, on the situational judgement test, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 40 out of 60
- To achieve a merit, a minimum of 50 out of 60 must be achieved
- To achieve a distinction, a minimum of 55 out of 60 must be achieved



### Grading the professional discussion

To achieve a pass, the apprentice must demonstrate that they have achieved **all** the elements for this assessment method.

Merit grade will be given to apprentices who are able to engage in and actively take forwards, their professional discussion. They are able to demonstrate an insight in applying the knowledge, skills, and behaviours set out in the standard consistently and in a range of situations. Apprentices are able to reflect on some aspects of their practice.

Distinction grade will be given to apprentices who are able to engage in a professional discussion that demonstrates an exceptional understanding and application of the knowledge, skills and behaviours of the standard. Responses demonstrate consistent knowledge of relevant concepts and theories when applied to their own practice. Apprentices are able to demonstrate skills of a reflective practitioner.

## **Resit and Retake information**

Candidates achieving between 25 and 39 correct answers on the test may retake on 1 further occasion within 3 months. As this is a retake, the apprentice should undergo additional training in order to attempt the assessment a second time, feedback will be provided on the areas of failure.

Candidates with fewer than 25 correct answers will not be allowed to retake the test until they have completed a professional review of their performance conducted by the training provider and employer and acted on its findings, this is to support the apprentice with their second attempt. Feedback will be provided on the areas of failure and a retake checklist will need to be submitted when the professional review has taken place. If the learner fails to achieve a pass grade on the second attempt then they will not be able to proceed to the professional discussion and will not be able to complete their end point assessment.

The professional discussion can only be attempted after the situational judgement test has been completed to at least a pass grade.

Candidates who fail the professional discussion may retake the assessment on 1 further occasion within 3 months. As this is a retake, the apprentice should undergo additional training in order to attempt the assessment a second time, feedback will be provided on the areas of failure.



When retaking the situational judgement test and/or professional discussion, the maximum grade that can be achieved for the activity is a pass. If the learner fails to achieve a pass grade on the second attempt they will not be able to complete their end point assessment.

Retakes should be scheduled as soon as the apprentice is ready, when practicable for the business and in line with the policies, practices and procedures of Highfield Assessment.

Resit and retake guidance in this EPA Kit has been produced to be consistent with the additional guidance provided by the EQAO and in the Adult Care Handbook for End Point Assessment.



## **Assessing the Situation Judgement Test**

The situational judgement test will take place under examination conditions. The 60-question multiple-choice test (with situational judgement questions) will present the candidate with a range of real-life scenarios drawn from the knowledge elements of the standard. They will focus on the higher order competencies rather than factual recall.

- To achieve a pass, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 40 out of 60
- To achieve a merit, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 50 out of 60
- To achieve a distinction, apprentices must achieve a minimum of 55 out of 60

The criteria for the situational judgement test are the knowledge-based outcomes described earlier in this EPA kit.

#### Before the assessment

The Situational Judgement Test must be achieved to at least a pass grade, before moving onto the professional discussion.

Employer/training provider should:

- brief the apprentice on the areas to be assessed by the situational judgement test
- ensure the apprentice knows the date and location of the assessment
- in readiness for end-point assessment, set the apprentice a mock knowledge test. A mock test is available as a paper-based test on the Highfield Assessment website and also on the Highfield mock e-assessment system.



## Situational judgement test criteria

Element: The job they have to do, their main tasks and responsibilities				
The apprentice will know and understand	Indicative assessment criteria:			
KA1 The tasks and responsibilities of the job role relevant to the context of the service in which they are working. This could include supporting with social activities, monitoring health, assisting with eating, mobility and personal care	K1.1 K1.2	Describe <b>tasks and responsibilities</b> of own role (KA1) Outline how own role fits within the structure and context of the organisation (KA1)		
KA2 Professional boundaries and limits of their training and expertise	K1.3 K1.4	Describe the importance of professional boundaries in adult care (KA2) Outline limits of responsibility based on own training and expertise (KA2)		
KA3 Relevant statutory standards and codes of practice for their role	K1.5 K1.6	Identify <b>statutory standards</b> that influence own role (KA3) Describe how statutory standards and codes of practice influence own role (KA3)		
KA4 What the 'duty of care' is in practice	K1.7 K1.8 K1.9	Define <b>duty of care</b> (KA4) Describe how duty of care relates to duty of candour (KA4) Explain how duty of care affects own role (KA4)		
KA5 How to contribute towards the development and creation of a care plan underpinned by the individual's preferences in regard to the way they want to be supported	K1.10 K1.11 K1.12	Explain the importance of using an individual care plan (KA5) Describe how to contribute to the development of an individual's care plan (KA5) Describe how to find out the individual's preferences in relation to the way they want to be supported (KA5)		
KA6 How to identify, respond to and escalate changes to physical, social, and emotional needs of individuals	K1.13 K1.14	List physical, social and emotional needs of individuals (KA6) Explain how to identify, respond to and escalate changes to physical, social and emotional needs of individuals (KA6)		



KA7 How to access, follow and be compliant with regulations and organisational policies and procedures	K1.15	Outline how to access regulations and organisational policies and procedures (KA7)
	K1.16	Explain how regulations and organisational policies and procedures are implemented in own role (KA7)

Element: The importance of having the right values and behaviours		
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KB8 How to support and enable individuals to achieve their personal aims and goals	<ul> <li>K2.1 Define person centred values (KB8)</li> <li>K2.2 Explain the importance of working in a way that embeds person centred values (KB8)</li> </ul>	
	K2.3 Explain why risk-taking can be part of a person-centred approach (KB8)	
	K2.4 Explain how to work in a way that supports and enables individuals to achieve their personal aims and goals (KB8)	
KB9 What dignity means in how to work with individuals and others	K2.5 Explain how to promote dignity in own role with individuals and <b>others</b> (KB9)	
KB10 The importance of respecting diversity and treating everyone equally	<ul> <li>K2.6 Explain what is meant by:</li> <li>Diversity</li> <li>Equality</li> <li>Inclusion</li> <li>Discrimination (KB10)</li> </ul>	
	K2.7 Illustrate the importance of respecting diversity and promoting equality (KB10)	
	K2.8 Give examples of practices that respect diversity and promote equality (KB10)	



The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KC11 The barriers to communication	K3.1	Identify barriers to communication (KC11)
	КЗ.2	Give examples of ways to reduce barriers to communication (KC11)
	КЗ.З	Describe ways to check that communication has been
	КЗ.4	understood (KC11) List sources of information, support
	1.3.4	and <b>services</b> to enable communication with individuals
		and others (KC11)
KC12 The impact of non-verbal communication	КЗ.5	List types of <b>non-verbal</b> communication (KC12)
	КЗ.6	Give examples of situations when non-verbal communication is used (KC12)
	КЗ.7	Explain the impact of using non- verbal communication methods to
KC12 The importance of estive listening	K2 0	support individuals (KC12)
KC13 The importance of active listening	K3.8 K3.9	Define active listening (KC13) Explain how to use active listening in own role (KC13)
	КЗ.10	Explain the importance of active listening (KC13)
KC14 How the way they communicate can affect others	K3.11	Assess how own communication can affect individuals and others (KC14)
KC15 About different forms of communication e.g. signing,	K3.12	Describe different ways that individuals communicate (KC15)
communication boards etc	КЗ.13	Describe how to establish individuals' communication and language needs, wishes and <b>preferences</b> (KC15)
KC16 How to find out the best way to		Describe <b>methods of communication</b>
communicate with the individual they are supporting		o meet individuals' communication wishes and preferences (KC16)
KC17 How to make sure confidential information is kept safe	КЗ.15	Define the term 'confidentiality' (KC17)
	КЗ.16	Identify <b>legislation</b> and <b>agreed</b> ways of working in relation to the



		confidential handling of information (KC17)
	K3.17	Describe ways of handling confidential information (KC17)
Element: How to support individuals to remain	ain safe	
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicat	tive assessment criteria:
KD18 What abuse is and what to do when they have concerns someone is being	K4.1	Define different types of <b>abuse</b> (KD18)
abused	K4.2	List the signs and symptoms of different types of abuse (KD18)
	К4.3	Describe <b>factors</b> that may contribute to an individual being more vulnerable to abuse (KD18)
	K4.4	Explain the <b>actions to take</b> if there are concerns that an individual is being abused (KD18)
	K4.5	Explain the actions to take if an individual alleges that they are being abused (KD18)
	К4.6	State ways to ensure evidence of abuse is preserved (KD18)
KD19 The national and local strategies for safeguarding and protection from abuse	K4.7	Outline national policies for safeguarding and protection from abuse (KD19)
	K4.8	Outline <b>local strategies</b> for safeguarding and protection from abuse (KD19)
KD20 What to do when receiving comments and complaints	К4.9	Describe the importance of an accessible complaints procedure for reducing the likelihood of abuse (KD20)
	K4.10	Explain the actions to take when receiving comments and complaints (KD20)
KD21 How to recognise unsafe practices in the workplace	K4.11	Give examples of <b>unsafe practices</b> that may affect the <b>wellbeing</b> of individuals (KD21)
	K4.12	Explain the actions to take if unsafe practices have been identified (KD21)
	K4.13	Explain the actions to take if unsafe practices have been reported but nothing has been done in response (KD21)



KD22 The importance and process of whistleblowing	K4.14	Define the term <b>whistleblowing</b> (KD22)
	К4.15	Assess the importance of whistleblowing in adult care (KD22)
	K4.16	Describe the process for whistleblowing (KD22)
KD23 How to address any dilemmas they may face between a person's rights and their safety	K4.17	Give examples of dilemmas that may be faced between a person's rights and their safety (KD23)
	K4.18	Describe how to address dilemmas that may be faced between a person's rights and their safety (KD23)

Element: How to promote health and wellbeing for the individuals they support and work colleagues		
The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
KE24 The health and safety responsibilities of self, employer and workers	K5.1	Outline <b>legislation and regulations</b> relating to health and safety in adult care (KE24)
	K5.2	Describe responsibilities for health and safety of:
		• Self
		<ul><li>Employer</li><li>Worker</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>Others in the work setting (KE24)</li> </ul>
KE25 How to keep safe in the work	K5.3	Describe agreed ways of working
environment		for health and safety (KE25)
	K5.4	List health and safety tasks that should only be carried out with specialist training (KE25)
	K5.5	Outline sources of information, guidance and support relating to health and safety (KE25)
KE26 What to do when there is an accident or sudden illness	K5.6	Describe types of accidents or sudden illness that may occur (KE26)
	K5.7	Outline the procedures to be followed if an accident or sudden illness should occur (KE26)
KE27 What to do with hazardous	K5.8	Identify hazardous substances and
substances		materials that may be found in adult care (KE27)



	К5.9	<ul> <li>Outline safe practices for:</li> <li>Storing hazardous substances and materials</li> <li>Using hazardous substances</li> </ul>
		and materials
		<ul> <li>Disposing of hazardous</li> </ul>
		substances and materials
		(KE27)
KE28 How to promote fire safety	K5.10	Describe how to prevent fires from
		starting or spreading (KE28)
	K5.11	Outline what to do in the event of a
		fire (KE28)
KE29 How to reduce the spread of infection	K5.12	Identify the <b>roles and</b>
		responsibilities in the prevention
		and control of infection (KE29)
	K5.13	Describe the causes and spread of
		infection (KE29)
	K5.14	Describe ways to reduce the spread
		of infection (KE29)
	K5.15	Outline ways to ensure that own
		health and hygiene does not pose a
KE20 What a rick assessment is and how it		risk to others (KE29)
KE30 What a risk assessment is and how it	K5.16	Outline the difference between a
can be used to promote person centred	VE 17	hazard and a risk (KE30)
care safely	K5.17	Explain the purpose of risk
	K5.18	assessment in adult care (KE30)
	K2.18	Explain how risk assessments can
		be used to promote person centred
		care safely (KE30)

The apprentice will know and understand:	Indicative assessment criteria:
KF31 What a professional relationship is with the person being supported and colleagues	K6.1 Explain how a professional relationship is different from a personal relationship (KF31)
	K6.2 Compare the differences between professional relationships with individuals and <b>others</b>
KF32 How to work together with other people and organisations in the interest of	K6.3 Define the term <b>co-production</b> (KF32)
the person being supported	K6.4 Explain the importance of working in partnership with individuals and others (KF32)



		Cive exemples of here to work in
	K6.5	Give examples of how to work in
		partnership with individuals and
		others in the interests of the
		individual being supported (KF32)
KF33 How to be actively involved in their	K6.6	Identify sources of information and
personal development plan		support for own learning and
		development (KF33)
	K6.7	Explain how to use feedback from
		individuals and others to support
		own learning and development
		(KF33)
	K6.8	Explain how reflecting on practice
		contributes to own learning and
		development (KF33)
	K6.9	Describe the process for agreeing a
		personal development plan and
		who should be involved (KF33)
KF34 The importance of excellent core skills	K6.10	Give examples of the core skills in:
in writing, numbers and information		<ul> <li>writing</li> </ul>
technology		<ul> <li>number and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>information technology</li> </ul>
		that are essential to own role
		(KF34)
	K6.11	Explain the importance of excellent
		core skills in writing, number and
		information technology for workers
		in adult care (KF34)
KF35 What to do to develop, sustain and	K6.12	Describe what is meant by <b>personal</b>
exhibit a positive attitude and personal	-	resilience (KF35)
resilience	K6.13	Explain why a positive attitude and
		personal resilience is essential to
		workers in adult care (KF35)
	K6.14	Explain how to develop, sustain
	10.14	and exhibit a positive attitude and
		personal resilience (KF35)
KF36 Where and how to access specialist	K6.15	Identify specialist knowledge that
knowledge when needed to support	10.13	may be needed to support
performance of the job role		performance in own role (KF36)
	K6.16	Identify where and how to access
	K0.10	specialist knowledge to support
		performance in own role (KF36)



## **Assessing the Professional Discussion**

The professional discussion will be a structured discussion between the apprentice and the end-point assessor, following the situational judgement test, to establish the apprentice's understanding and application of the skills and behaviours of the standard. A representative of the employer may be involved in the professional discussion. This is **not** a requirement, and the End Point Assessor has responsibility for grading the assessment.

The professional discussion will draw questions and amplifications from prior learning and experience including, where applicable, the candidate's self-assessment and supporting evidence.

The professional discussion will need to take place in a suitable environment which may be the apprentice's place of work and should last for a maximum of 45 minutes. The discussion will be against set criteria outlined in the following pages and it will be appropriately structured to draw out the best of the apprentice's energy, enthusiasm, competence and excellence. During the discussion, the assessor will be looking for evidence that the apprentice has exhibited the 6Cs of care, compassion, courage, communication, competence and commitment.

The purpose of the professional discussion is to:

- confirm and validate judgements about the quality of work
- explore aspects of the work, including how it was carried out, in more detail
- discuss how the apprentice would behave in specific scenarios
- ask questions in relation to personal development and reflection
- provide a basis for the end-point assessor to make a decision about the grade to be awarded

## Before the assessment

The professional discussion can only be attempted after the situational judgement test has been completed to at least a pass grade.

Employer/training provider should:

- plan the professional discussion to allow the apprentice the opportunity to demonstrate each of the required standards
- ensure the apprentice knows the date and location of the assessment
- ensure the apprentice knows which adult care worker standards will be assessed
- encourage the apprentice to reflect on their experience and learning on-programme to understand what is required to meet the standard



- encourage the apprentice to reflect and apply the professional discussion to their self-reflection where applicable
- be prepared to provide clarification to the apprentice, and signpost them to relevant parts of their on-programme experience as preparation for this assessment

It is suggested that a trial run is carried out by the apprentice in advance of the EPA with the training provider/employer giving feedback on any areas for improvement.

## Grading the professional discussion

To achieve a pass, the apprentice must demonstrate that they have achieved **all** the elements for this assessment method.

Merit grade will be given to apprentices who are able to engage in and actively take forwards, their professional discussion. They are able to demonstrate an insight in applying the knowledge, skills, and behaviours set out in the standard consistently and in a range of situations. Apprentices are able to reflect on some aspects of their practice.

Distinction grade will be given to apprentices who are able to engage in a professional discussion that demonstrates an exceptional understanding and application of the knowledge, skills and behaviours of the standard. Responses demonstrate consistent knowledge of relevant concepts and theories when applied to their own practice. Apprentices are able to demonstrate skills of a reflective practitioner.

## **Professional Discussion Mock Assessment**

It is the employer/training provider's responsibility to prepare apprentices for their end-point assessment, and Highfield recommends that the apprentice experiences a mock professional discussion in advance of the end-point assessment with the training provider/employer giving feedback on any areas for improvement.

In designing a mock assessment, the employer/training provider should include the following elements in its planning:

- the mock professional discussion should take place in a suitable location.
- a 45-minute time slot should be available for the professional discussion, if it is intended to be a complete mock covering all relevant standards (outlined in the following pages). However, this time may be split up to allow for progressive learning.
- consider a video or audio recording of the mock professional discussion and allow it to be available to other apprentices, especially if it is not practicable for the



employer/training provider to carry out a separate mock professional discussion with each apprentice.

 ensure that the apprentice's performance is assessed by a competent trainer/assessor, and that feedback is shared with the apprentice to complete the learning experience. Mock assessment sheets are available to download from the Highfield Assessment website and may be used for this purpose.

The main tasks and responsibilities according to their job role		
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
SA1 - Support individuals they are working with according to their personal care/support plan	\$7.1 \$7.2	Apply <b>person centred values</b> to daily working practice (SA1) Demonstrate <b>person centred</b> <b>approaches</b> that take into account the history, preferences, wishes and needs of individuals (SA1)
SA2 - Ask for help from an appropriate person when not confident or skilled in any aspect of their role	S7.3	Recognise own boundaries and limitations by asking for help from an appropriate person when necessary (SA2)
SA3 - Provide individuals with information to enable them to have choice about the way they are supported	\$7.4 \$7.5	Source information for individuals to support their decision-making processes (SA3) Use agreed risk assessment processes to support individual's right to make choices (SA3)
SA4 - Encourage individuals to participate in the way their care and support is delivered	S7.6	Demonstrate ways to encourage individuals to actively participate in their care and support (SA4)
SA5 - Ensure the individual knows what they are agreeing to regarding the way in which they are supported	\$7.7 \$7.8	Provide individuals with information to be able to give consent (SA5) Establish consent for an activity
	S7.9	or action (SA5) Demonstrate steps to take if consent cannot be established (SA5)
SA6 - Contribute to the on-going development of care/support plans for the individual they support	S7.10	Use <b>agreed ways of working</b> to contribute to the development and review of care/support plans for individuals (SA6)

## **Professional Discussion Criteria: Skills**





F	
SA7 - Support individuals with	S7.11 Explain how <b>cognitive</b> , physical
cognitive, physical or sensory	and sensory impairments may
impairments	influence an individual's needs in
	relation to their care (SA7)
	S7.12 Explain how to adapt own care
	practice to support individuals
	with
	<ul> <li>cognitive</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>physical</li> </ul>
	sensory
	<ul> <li>impairments (SA7)</li> </ul>
	S7.13 Demonstrate ways to support
	individuals with
	<ul> <li>cognitive</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>physical</li> </ul>
	sensory
	<ul> <li>impairments (SA7)</li> </ul>

Treating people with respect and dignity and honouring their human rights		
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
SB8 - Ensure dignity is at the centre of all work with the individuals they support, their families, carers and advocates	S8.1 Demonstrate an <b>approach</b> that ensures dignity is central to own care practice (SB8)	
SB9 - Demonstrate all work is person centred, accommodating the individual's needs, wishes and preferences	<ul><li>S8.2 Demonstrate an approach that promotes person centred values (See 7.2 also) (SB9)</li></ul>	
SB10 - Demonstrate empathy (understanding and compassion) for individuals they support	<ul><li>S8.3 Describe the term <b>empathy</b> in relation to supporting individuals (SB10)</li></ul>	
	S8.4 Select verbal and non-verbal communication skills that demonstrate an empathic approach (SB10)	
	S8.5 Demonstrate empathy in practice with individuals (SB10)	
SB11 - Demonstrate courage in supporting people in ways that may challenge their personal/cultural beliefs	S8.6 Select ways to support individuals that may challenge their personal or cultural beliefs (SB11)	



S8.7	Reflect on situations when
	courage has been used to
	support individuals (SB11)

Communicating clearly and responsibly		
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
SC12 - Speak clearly and exhibit positive non-verbal communication to individuals, families, carers and advocates	S9.1 Demonstrate use of <b>verbal and</b> <b>non-verbal communication</b> <b>methods</b> that support interactions positively with individuals and others (SC12)	
SC13 - Use the preferred methods of communication of the individual they support according to their language, culture, sensory needs and their wishes	<ul> <li>S9.2 Establish individual's communication and language needs, wishes and preferences (SC13)</li> <li>S9.3 Select preferred methods of communication for different individuals according to their language, culture, sensory needs and wishes (SC13)</li> </ul>	S
SC14 - Identify and take steps to reduce environmental barriers to communication	S9.4 Recognise <b>barriers to</b> <b>communication</b> in practice (SC14)	
	S9.5 Demonstrate ways to reduce barriers to communication in different ways (SC14)	
SC15 - Demonstrate they can check for understanding	S9.6 Observe individual's reactions when communicating with them (SC15)	ı
	S9.7 Respond to individual's reaction using verbal and non-verbal communication skills (SC15)	IS
	S9.8 Use verbal and non-verbal communication methods to summarise and clarify understanding (SC15)	
SC16 - Write clearly and concisely in records and reports	S9.9 Provide evidence of clear and concise written communication in records and reports (SC16)	
SC17 - Keep information safe and confidential according to agreed ways of working	S9.10 Demonstrate ways to keep information safe and confidentia according to <b>agreed ways of</b> <b>working</b> (SC17)	al



Supporting individuals to remain safe from harm (Safeguarding)		
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicat	tive assessment criteria:
SD18 - Recognise potential signs of different forms of abuse	S10.1	Demonstrate how to recognise potential signs of different forms of <b>abuse</b> (SD18)
SD19 - Respond to concerns of abuse according to agreed ways of working	S10.2	Follow <b>agreed ways of working</b> to respond to concerns of abuse (SD19)
SD20 - Recognise, report and challenge unsafe practices	S10.3	Demonstrate knowledge of unsafe practices by recognising examples in a work context (SD20)
	S10.4	Demonstrate how to use agreed ways of working to report unsafe practices (SD20)
	S10.5	Use courage to challenge unsafe practices (SD20)

# Championing health and wellbeing for the individuals they support and for work colleagues

The apprentice will be able to:	Indica	tive assessment criteria:
SE21 - Promote the health and	S11.1	Use communication skills and
wellbeing of the individual they support		person centred values to
		encourage individuals to actively
		participate in their health and
		wellbeing (SE21)
SE22 - Move people and objects safely	S11.2	Follow agreed ways of working
		and <b>individual care plans</b> to
		move and assist people and
		objects safely (SE22)
	S11.3	Use own communication skills
		and <b>person centred values</b> to
		maintain dignity whilst moving
		people and objects safely (SE22)
SE23 - Demonstrate how to reduce the	S11.4	Demonstrate the recommended
spread of infection, including use of		method for hand washing (SE23)
best practice in hand hygiene	S11.5	Demonstrate the appropriate use
		of Personal Protective
		Equipment (PPE) (SE23)



	C11.C. Demonstrate manufacture
	S11.6 Demonstrate ways to ensure
	own health and hygiene does not
	pose a risk to others (SE23)
SE24 - Demonstrate the promotion of	S11.7 Explain the importance of good
healthy eating and wellbeing by	nutrition and hydration in
ensuring individuals have access to fluids, food and nutrition	maintaining health and <b>wellbeing</b> (SE24)
	S11.8 Explain how to promote nutrition
	and hydration to meet individual
	care needs (SE24)
	S11.9 Ensure fluids, food and
	nutritional products are within
	reach of those that have
	restrictions on their
	movement/mobility (SE24)
	S11.10 Ensure fluids are refreshed on a
	regular basis (SE24)
	S11.11 Ensure food and nutritional
	products are provided at the
	appropriate temperature and in
	accordance with individual care
	plans (SE24)
	S11.12 Ensure appropriate utensils are
	available to enable individuals to
	meet their fluid and nutritional
	needs as independently as
	possible (SE24)
	S11.13 Use communication skills and
	person-centred values to support
	and encourage individuals to
	drink and eat in accordance with
	individual care plans (SE24)
SE25 - Demonstrate how to keep	S11.14 Follow agreed ways of working
people, buildings and themselves safe	to keep self, individuals, others
and secure	and buildings safe and secure
	(SE25)
SE26 - Carry out fire safety procedures	S11.15 Follow agreed ways of working
when required	in relation to fire safety
	procedures (SE26)
SE27 - Use risk assessments to support	S11.16 Follow agreed ways of working
individuals safely	and individual risk assessments
	to support the safety of
	individuals and others (SE27)
SE28 - Recognise symptoms of cognitive	See 7.9, 7.10 and 7.11
impairment, e.g. Dementia, learning	



SE29 - Monitor and report changes in	S11.17 Follow agreed ways of working to
health and wellbeing for individuals	monitor and report changes to
they support	individuals' health and wellbeing
	(SE29)

Work professionally and seek to develop their own professional development		
The apprentice will be able to:	Indicative assessment criteria:	
SF30 - Reflect on own work practices	<ul> <li>S12.1 Explain why reflecting on work activities is an important way to develop knowledge, skills, behaviours, values and practice (SF30)</li> </ul>	
	S12.2 Use a <b>reflective journal</b> to assess development of own knowledge, skills, behaviours, values and practice (SF30)	
SF31 - Demonstrate the development of their own skills and knowledge, including core skills in writing, numbers	S12.3 Provide evidence to demonstrate how own <b>knowledge and skills</b> <b>are developing</b> (SF31)	
and information technology	S12.4 Provide evidence to demonstrate how own <b>core skills</b> are developing in practice (SF31)	
SF32 - Demonstrate their contribution to their development plan	S12.5 Provide evidence of contributions to own personal development plan (SF32)	
SF33 - Demonstrate ability to work in partnership with others to support the individual	S12.6 Follow <b>agreed ways of working</b> to work in partnership with individuals and others (SF33)	
	S12.7 Demonstrate ways of working that can improve partnerships (SF33)	
SF34 - Identify sources of support when conflicts arise with other people or organisations	<ul> <li>S12.8 Demonstrate how and when to access support and guidance about:</li> <li>Partnership working</li> <li>Resolving conflicts (SF34)</li> </ul>	
SF35 - Demonstrate they can work within safe, clear professional boundaries	See 7.3	
SF36 - Show they can access and apply additional skills required to perform the specific job role competently	S12.9 Provide <b>evidence of occasions</b> when own skills have been developed in order to support own role (SF36)	



## **Professional Discussion Criteria: Behaviours**

Care	
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:
B1 is caring consistently and enough about individuals to make a positive difference to their lives	is caring consistently and enough about individuals to make a positive difference to their lives (B1)

Compassion	
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:
B2 is delivering care and support with kindness, consideration, dignity and respect	is delivering care and support with kindness, consideration, dignity and respect (B2)

Courage	
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:
B3 is doing the right thing for people and speaking up if the individual they support is at risk	is doing the right thing for people and speaking up if the individual they support is at risk (B3)

Communication	
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:
B4 good communication is central to successful caring relationships and effective team working	good communication is central to successful caring relationships and effective team working (B4)



Competence	
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:
B5 is applying knowledge and skills to provide high quality care and support	is applying knowledge and skills to provide high quality care and support (B5)

Commitment	
The apprentice will evidence the following:	Indicative assessment criteria:
B6 to improving the experience of people who need care and support ensuring it is person centred	to improving the experience of people who need care and support ensuring it is person centred (B6)

